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or 6 Months, " "
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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Dec. 15, 1897.

Doubles the Pleasure of a Drive.
A fine carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or business can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Sale of Land for Assets.

John Elliott, Adm'r of Stephen Royal, dec'd, Sarah E Royal, widow, and Annie E. Elliott, Mortgagee.

vs

M. E. Royal, James N Royal and others, heirs at law of Stephen Royal, dec'd.

Pursuant to an Order of Sale made in the Special Proceeding to sell land for assets, pending in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., I will expose to public sale at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N C. on Monday, 21st March, 1898, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described real estate of my intestate, Stephen Royal, situated in Flea Hill Township, Cumberland County, N. C.:

(1) One tract of 5 acres adjoining his home place, held under a grant from the State.

(2). One tract of 12 acres, the residue of 16 acres also adjoining his home place.

(3). His home place where he lived and died, composed of two adjoining parcels—29 acres and 30 acres bought of W. H. Elliott.

The entire tract of the whole will be sold, as all parties in interest are joined in the proceeding.

Terms of sale: One half cash, balance on 9 months time, title reserved until all is paid.

JOHN ELLIOT,
Adm'r of Stephen Royal, dec'd.
Feb. 17, 1898—ow4w

—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,

A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug Fusion Government, now disgracing the STATE, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the white in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The OBSERVER therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3 00 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor
E. J. HALE, JR., Business Mang'r

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as Executor to the last will and testament of Elizabeth Chance, deceased, this is to all persons having claims against the estate of Elizabeth Chance to present the same on or before the 3th day of Feb., 1899 or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment.

C. H. CLAUCH, JR.,
Executor Elizabeth Chance.
J. G. SHAW, Atty.
Feb 13,1898. 4t w

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The battle which is on now between the money power and the people began in earnest in North Carolina when Vance was attacked, from one end of the State to the other, for writing his letter to the Mecklenburg Alliance in 1893. Nothing could exceed the virulence with which he was set upon by the Ransomite press. It found a climax in one of those papers in the heading to an editorial, "Vance, the Traitor"!

Good men say now "Oh, if we only had Vance to lead as in 1876!" It is probable that if Vance were living he could unite under the Democratic banner the whites who, in 1896, under allied banners, carried the State by 20.000 majority. The reaction, after McKinley's inauguration, in favor of Bryan was so great that it looked, a year ago, as if the re-union might occur spontaneously. Those who hounded Vance in 1893, and who are the chief opponents of Bryan today, realized the imminence of this blow to their hopes. With their powerful machinery, through the press and otherwise, they started, in August last, a counteractive movement. While all was peace, they flung into the arena their demand for what they called "a straight fight"—meaning thereby a fight in contravention of the principles of the Democratic party and based on a vile fusion between Democrats and Democracy's enemies.

The contest of the OBSERVER and its little band of allies—Webster's Weekly, the Statesville Mascot and the Morganton Friend—in opposition to this traitorous proposition resulted in the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform and the endorsement of Mr. Bryan at the State committee's meeting on the 30th of November last. The well-drilled anti-Bryanites at once set up a violent attack on the silver Populists, the only portion of the Populists whom it was possible to win back to our side by the soft words of the committee's address.

The OBSERVER warned its contemporaries who were engaged in this work that they would solidify the Populists and prevent the very thing they were then professing to desire, viz: the re-union, under the Democratic banner, of the two wings of Vance's Democracy. It also predicted that if their course were not quickly changed, the process referred to would go on until we should find ourselves at the opening of the campaign confronted with the alternative of certain defeat or the acceptance of organic co-operation with the Populists.

The war upon the silver Populists—practically the whole body of that party—continued without abatement, and the alternative referred to confronts us now in very truth.

No sane man believes that we can win without the assistance of the Populist vote. The legislature is the main point, by common consent. If it be conceded that the closeness of the vote in a number of counties renders it probable that we can overcome that and carry the lower House, the Senate remains. There is not the slightest chance of our carrying a majority of the Senate, if we again repel the Populists. We had, in the last legislature, seven out of the fifty senators.

The Logic of Events at the national capital has, however, come to our assistance. The chairman of the national Democratic committee and the Congressional Democratic committee have come to an agreement with the Populists for complete co-operation in the Congressional districts. They have issued their command therefor. The North Carolina State committee was bound, in loyalty, to endorse this command, and it issued its manifesto to that effect at its recent meeting, last week. They referred all other matters of party policy to the State convention, which they called "early" for the purpose of deciding the matter of co-operation or no co-operation in time for the exigencies of the campaign. They properly designated the State convention as the ultimate authority over the State organization.

It follows that a Congressional district which makes a nomination in advance of the State convention that is at the same time in contravention of the command from the national organization, will be in revolt.

It also follows that if the State convention adopts co operation, those who refuse to obey its command will be bolters. Furthermore, those who declare in advance that they will not obey such command will not be entitled to enter a Democratic primary, under resolution No. 3 adopted by the committee on the 22nd of February, liberal as the terms of that resolution are.

As rejection of Populist co operation on the State and county tickets will endanger the success of co operation on the Congressional tickets, if the latter should be agreed to, it also follows that the State convention must adopt complete co operation or none. If none, then the State organization will have practically seceded from the national organization, and it will be its duty, in honor, to say so. For it has no right to use the Democratic name for purposes at variance with the policy of the party as duly declared.

Resolution No. 1 of the 22nd of February turned us into the right road at the fork—the road where party loyalty leads. Let the people manfully face the situation, and send delegates to the convention instructed for co operation or against co operation.

The OBSERVER, following the lead of Mr. Bryan and of the national organization, the only commanders known to our party law, is for co operation. But, as a State's rights party paper, believing in the right of secession, it will obey the supreme authority of the State convention if it reject co operation and declare for secession from the Democratic party.

Let every man carry his flag!

There will be, of course, no obstacle presented by co operation, if the convention adopt it, to the complete exposure of all the wrongs committed by the party in power, including the corrupt means employed for the election of Pritchard.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Winston Republican, the organ of the Republican party in North Carolina, publishes entire the recent attack of the Charlotte Observer on Col. John H. Webster, editor of that sterling Democratic paper, Webster's Weekly.

* * *

The Wilmington Messenger very justly complains of the claims made in behalf of other papers of surpassing its news account of the Maine disaster. The Messenger's news service at all times is admirable, no other paper in the State surpassing it, to say the least. The truth is, a vast deal of the utmost rubbish has been printed in connection with this matter of the news of the Maine explosion, which newspaper men ought to be ashamed of. The comparisons made with the great dailies of New York are the veriest nonsense. Their midnight editions were sent out before the news could reach this country. Their regular morning editions contained the fullest accounts of the disaster. All newspaper men know that, though it would appear that some of them have calculated upon the North Carolina public's ignorance of the facts.

Spoken Like a Man and a Patriot.

Our neighbor, the Jonesboro Progress, evidently grasps the logic of the situation forced upon the Democratic party by the adoption of the resolution endorsing Chairman Jones's address, by the Democratic executive committee. It does not delude itself or its readers by endeavoring to twist a false construction out of the plain intent and purpose of that resolution. Here is its courageous diagnosis of the situation:

Numbers of Democratic newspapers are stubbornly setting themselves in the way of Populist and Democratic co-operation, even in such matters and in those ways that do not demand any sacrifice of principle on either side. It is admitted that the history of Populism is full of sacrifices of creed—the party will fuse with something or other regardless of party doctrines, so as to get at the offices. Republicans want the offices, Populists want them, Democrats want them. The Populists are going to have them, whether they get them from Democratic or from Republican sources.

The professed aims of the Populist party and the aims of the Democratic party are almost alike. What sacrifice of party doctrine can there be in co-operation?

There is going to be an approach to decent government in this State through Populist and Democratic co-operation, or there is going to be no decent government through Populist and Republican fusion.

The voters in North Carolina who desire public decency and protection to private homes are more numerous than those who do not, and they ought to vote together.

If all white men and all-white men get to voting together again their differences will soon be a matter of history merely.

It may be very independent and quite heroic in a newspaper to contemn the efforts of the scattered political elements in this country to get together in a white party with a common purpose, it may cause a few desultory "bravos!"—but it is foolish. In view of our endangered institutions, our disgraced and half-ruined country, it is worse—it is criminal

Every square inch of the insignificant little Progress is Democratic, but we know that, however it may be in other places, there are some Populists down this way who are not dogs enough to lick the hand that cuffs them, and while it is very, very naughty in them to fuse with the Republicans just to beat us, it is human nature or rather a part of human nature that is brought out by the intolerant utterances of Democratic papers.

We are not reading the press a lecture, we're too little; we are just airing our views. And our view is that this is the time for white men to stand shoulder to shoulder.

No Reason for War, Says Lord Wolseley.

LONDON, Feb. 28, 1898.
Editor New York Journal:

I do not as yet believe there is any proof that the blowing up of the Maine was not due to accident.

My own view is that the bulk of evidence will ultimately incline to support the theory of an accidental explosion on board the Maine, but until the results of the official investigation are published the whole subject must remain involved in uncertainty.

If, however, it should be demonstrated beyond all question that the Maine was blown up by a torpedo or mine in the harbor of Havana, it does not follow that there must be war between the United States and Spain.

There would be no occasion for war. Spain should not be held responsible for an act not her own, but doubtless that of some treacherous conspirator.

Of course as to the question of a proper indemity, the matter would be otherwise, but as to war between two nations, I repeat there would be no cause for it.

If the accident theory must finally be abandoned, the act of an individual working by stealth could not be construed into an act of the Spanish Government and nation and, therefore, to be regarded as sufficient ground for war.

The very idea is absurd.

If one of Great Britain's warships, while anchored in New York harbor, were to be destroyed by a bomb directed by a crazy Irishman, Great Britain would never dream of declaring war against the United States.

LORD WOLSELEY.
Com'der in Chief of the British Army.

The Late Mrs. William McLauchlin.

This writer was absent when news of the death of Mrs. William McLauchlin came, or he would have made record at the time of the passing away of one who had gone so far beyond the allotted life of our kind, having lived nearly a century, and who had illumined all those years since her young womanhood with such rare piety and with so many other Christian virtues.

This venerable lady was in her ninety fifth year, and we have had occasion before to refer to the gentle and attractive home life which she and her husband, now in his ninety seventh year, have led at their hospitable home at Raeford. They were fine examples of a generation of our Scottish population that has almost passed away.

She was Miss McRae, and she had been married sixty six years. Besides her venerable husband, she leaves three sons and one daughter: Maj. Murdoch McR. McLauchlin, of Oates, S. C., a gallant soldier of the Confederacy; Christopher McLauchlin, Esq., of Alabama; Hon. J. W. McLauchlin, of Raeford; and Mrs. Lamont, a widow. The last two and Mrs. Lamont's children were members of the household at the homestead at Raeford.

She was quite active up to a year ago, walking without much difficulty. Since then she has been nearly helpless, owing to a stroke of paralysis. Her mind was clear to the end. Her body was interred in the cemetery at Phillippi church, on the 12th of February, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. P. R. Law and Rev. Mr. Moore.

Her death, so calm and quiet, seems like that of

"One who draws the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

God rest her soul, and bless those that were near and dear to her.

The Charges Against Ewart.

A dispatch to the Raleigh Post says:

The following are the charges which Senator Marion Butler has filed against Judge H G Ewart, whose nomination as judge of the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina, to succeed Robert P. Dick, resigned, is now before the Senate awaiting confirmation.

1. That he sold his public documents when a member of Congress.

2. That he accepted money from his constituents to procure office for them when a member of Congress.

3. That as a lawyer he collected money for his clients and failed to account for and pay over the same.

4 That he made hotel bills and gave worthless checks to settle the same.

A number of witnesses have been subpœnaed to be here Saturday next to substantiate these charges.

Governor Russell has promised Senator Butler that he will be here and tell the committee what he knows about these charges.

Senator Pritchard returned to Washington from North Carolina this morning.

The Raleigh Penitentiary.

Atlanta Constitution.

The south at last has a government prison, and no more federal prisoners will be sent to Columbus, Ohio. Judge Newman yesterday issued an order to the effect that in the future all prisoners convicted in this district shall be sent to the penitentiary in Raleigh, N. C., instead of the government penitentiary at Columbus, O., where they have been sent in the past.

The order establishing a federal prison for the south does not in any way affect or injure Atlanta's chances of getting the permanent government for the south. It is the policy of the government to build a penitentiary here that will be owned and controlled entirely by the government, and not be hampered by state authority.

Judge Newman's order was based on an order of Attorney General Griggs, issued two days before, which constituted the state penitentiary at Raleigh a southern branch of the government penitentiary. Attorney General Griggs does not state why the change is made, but it is was a matter of necessity. The federal prison at Columbus, G., is overcrowded and it is almost impossible to care for any more convicts here.

The establishment of the southern prison is just what the people and the officials of the south have been clamoring for many years. Hundreds of southern men convicted of minor offences against the government have been sent to Columbus for terms ranging from one to three years, and before their terms have expired they have fallen victims to the severe and rigorous climate of the north. Lewis Redwine, the well known Atlanta man, was one of the prisoners who came near to death in the Columbus prison because of the climate there. In nearly every case the convicts return to the south at the expiration of their terms with badly impaired health.

Judge Newman has contended that a prison should be established here in the south as a measure of humanity; that the ravages of the climate of the north upon the systems of the southern prisoners was a far greater punishment than the law or the courts ever contemplated.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at B. E. Sedberry's & Son Drug Store.

What pleasure is there in life with a headache, constipation and biliousness? Thousands experience them who could become perfectly healthy by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. KING BROS.

Sicard's Powerful Fleet.

New York Sun.]

Such officers as Admiral Jouett and a number of others prominent in the last war still adhere strongly to the opinion that the monitor type will prove more effective in battle than high freeboard ships offering greater targets, like the Iowa and Indiana.

Whether these views are sound or not the fact remains that with these ships under Admiral Sicard the North Atlantic squadron becomes more powerful than at any time in the development of the new navy. Consisting as it will then of three first class and one second class battleships, four monitors and a ram, aside from the two armored cruisers New York and Brooklyn, several cruisers and half a dozen torpedo boats, in two weeks it will present the strongest aggregation of fighters an American Admiral has ever commanded.

Congressional Co-operation.

Raleigh correspondent Wilmington Star.

Senator Butler has written letters to leading Populists advocating congressional fusion with Democrats in this State. The more influential Populists here express the opinion that the Democrats and Populists will fuse in congressional matters in any event.

RED SPRINGS ITEMS.

RED SPRINGS, N. C.,
March 3, 1898.

Rev. J. W. Wallace has reason to be encouraged at the prospect of his church here. Several members were enrolled Sunday night, making about 17 additions to this church since the middle of January. The ladies aid society of this church has succeeded in raising a nice sum of money for the improvement and enlargement of the church which will not now accommodate the large audiences.

Rev. J. W. Wallace officiated at two weddings last week.

Mr. James Gainey and Miss Lula Jessup married February 20, the groom 42 and the bride sweet sixteen.

Mrs. Edward Walters and Miss Evaline McPhaul were united in the holy bonds of wedlock Thursday night, near Gold Hill.

The pupils recital at the Seminary last Friday night was excellent. Miss E. Munce sang in the parlor for visitors.

I am sorry that on account of several other entertainments conflicting with the Seminary concert and the great expense necessary, (railroad fare, hotel bills, rent of opera house, &c.) the concert was not a financial success. I hope, however, that the high praise of the Fayetteville OBSERVER and the correspondent of the Messenger will better advertise the merits of this institution. I feel that the entire audience can be relied on to advocate its cause and success. The correspondent to the Messenger after high praise of Miss Munce's singing ventured to state she lacked dramatic training, &c. I heard a good musician say he differed with him—that she sings naturally, and apparently without effort; that sweet music pours forth in great volumes, without her going through so many antics, as some do, to attract people's attention to the singer. Her aim is to please the ear, not the eye—and she does it too. This is a mere difference of opinion. I am not competent to say who is correct in his views as to dramatic effect, &c., in singing.

Mr. Robert Gibson has moved to his new residence by the M. E parsonage.

The public schools in this township average about four months, which is above the State average, but only one half the average for the United States.

Two ladies from Pennsylvania arrived at Hotel Townsend last week.

Ten drummers, &c., were there February 28. Its patronage is improving.

The Charles King Dramatic Company gave entertainments here on the 23rd and 26th in Pythian Hall.

Gilbert Walden, who has a fine reputation as an entertainer, &c., will give the people of our town and surrounding country the privilege of being highly entertained and instructed in Pythian Hall March 9.

Frank Currie and Watt Townsend are about ready to move into their new residences. Mr. Currie has sold his interest in The Palace Market to Mr. Townsend.

Edens & Parkham butchered a cow lately that weighed 160 pounds to the quarter. Mr. Edens once butchered one here weighing 165 to the quarter.

The Seminary aims to give concerts at Maxton and Bennettsville sometime in March.

An agent sold some charts for the public schools here last week. He says this town is one of the nicest, cleanest looking towns he has seen in all his travels.

Mr. Ballou, of Boston, who has been at Hotel Townsend some weeks, will send for his family, and probably make this his home, as he considers it superior to Southern Pines and other places as a health resort, &c.

Mr. S. J. Edens is studying the mysteries and beauties of Pythianism. Our Lodge aims to celebrate its anniversary this month. M.

The Greatest Discovery Yet.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son Drug Store.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

There are three little things which do more work than any other three little things created—they are the ant, the bee and DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the last being the famous little pills for stomach and liver troubles. KING BROS.

Another Saw Mill for Vass.

Capt. J. W. Dean was in the city Friday. He tells us that he has just purchased a big saw mill plant which he will soon have in operation near Galatia.

Let's Have His Name.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger and Charlotte Observer says that he has been informed that a member of the Democratic State committee advocated a change in the name of the party. Let the Democracy have his name, so that the other committeemen may not rest under the charge.

The Star Sees Matter for Astonishment

The Wilmington Star of recent date, says very wisely:

It is astonishing what an amount of "merely routine business" the United States government has on hand just now. All the warlike preparations, including work on war ships night and day, and Sundays too, is strickly "in accordance with orders issued several weeks ago." Blessed Tony! Wonderful, indeed!

An Interesting Meeting.

County Medical Society met Thursday night in Dr. Highsmith's office, every city physician but one being present. Dr. McDuffie's paper on calomel was most instructive and provoked an interesting discussion.

The next meeting will be held in Dr. Marsh's office on the third Thursday in this month.

Dr. McGougan was appointed essayist for the 1st Thursday in April meeting. He will announce his subject at the next meeting.

Hope Mills Items.

The Hope Mills Chronicle of last week contained the following:

Mr. M. F. Fort, and daughter returned recently from Georgia, where they have been visiting relatives. Mr. Fort says he is not much stuck on Georgia.

We are told that there is a young man at No. 2 who carries sauer kraut to his best girl instead of candy. Queer taste that.

The Enterprise Land and Improvement Company, are moving ahead as rapidly as possible with the Atlantic, and Western Railroad, and no doubt it will soon be in operation.

Improvements.

The old steps to the Catholic church have been replaced by substantial new ones.

Mr. Folb has had his big stores overhauled by carpenters, preparatory to receiving his new goods.

Work is progressing rapidly on Capt. Underwood's house on Green street, which from present indications promises to be a very handsome one. Capt. Underwood is personally supervising the work.

The house on Raiford alley, recently burned, and which was subsequently purchased from Mr. Thornton by Mr. Robt. Strange, now stands rebuilt, and has a most comfortable appearance.

It will not be long before the big extension to the Holt-Williamson Mill in Campbellton will be completed, and then the building, though only one story, will lack by only 30 feet of the great length of the Holt-Morgan Mill on Massey's Hill.

General News of Local Interest.

The Presbytery of Fayetteville will meet Tuesday at 8 p. m., April 19th, at Carthage.

Oscar J. Spears has at last received a crumb of pie. He was Thursday last sworn in as assistant United States attorney for the Eastern district.

It is not yet known, says a Raleigh correspondent, when Ed. A. Johnson, colored, will be appointed second assistant district attorney. He is promised the place, but does not appear to be sure of it.

Revenue Collector Duncan is reported as saying; "I think there will be a modification of the civil service law, in accordance with the recommendations of the heads of departments, made two months ago; that these will affect this district and cover all the field deputies. There is some question as to the clerks. The modification asked for covers deputies."

We learn from the Wilmington Star of the recent heavy loss entailed upon Mr. G. B. D. Parker, of Chinquepin, Duplin country, by the burning of his saw mill, grist mill and gin house, together with about 150 bales of cotton. Worst of all, there was no insurance upon any portion of the porperty burned. The fire occurred while Mr. Parker was absent in Wallace on business.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B E Sedberry & Sons.

A thrill of terror is experienced when a brassy cough of croup sounds through the house at night. But the terror soon changes to relief after One Minute Cough Cure has been administered. Safe and harmless for children. KING BROS.

BEST OF ALL.

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

Ninetieth Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Beman Register, of Florida, passed through here last week on their way to Floral College, to be present at the celebration of the 90th anniversary of Mrs. W. R. Hill, Mrs. Register's mother.

A Flourishing Sunday School.

The Presbyterians have a very flourishing Sunday School at Comfort Chapel, near the Holt-Morgan Cotton Mill, which meets every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The school is increasing so rapidly in numbers that it is difficult to furnish sufficient accommodations. We understand that there is a very able corps of teachers working at this school. There was an increase of fifty scholars last Sunday.

Buckingham-Bishop.

Mr. T. Fred. Buckingham and Miss Ila Bishop were united in marriage Wednesday evening at the Campbellton Methodist church, by the pastor of the Hay street church, Rev. Dr. Nash.

The church was handsomely decorated, and the ceremony was witnessed by a great number of friends of the happy young pair.

Mr. J. B. Buckingham, brother of the groom, acted as best man; the bride, looking exceedingly pretty, was given away by her brother.

An Old Irish Woman Falls Heir.

Miss Bridget Campbell, an extremely poor old Irish woman, living in the Dobbin house, has fallen heir to a small amount of money, which is nevertheless a God send to her. She has received a letter from New York, stating that her brother Thomas died recently leaving $2,000 in money and some property. The number of other heirs, living, if any, is not yet known, therefore the amount she will receive may be large or small accordingly.

Miss Campbell was a nurse in the family of the late Hector McMillan in New York, and was brought by them to Fayetteville. She paid the passage of her brother Thomas to this country, and later when he obtained a good position in New York she went on to see him, but on his learning that she had become a protestant he would have nothing further to do with her.

Fayetteville Military Academy.

Dr. S. W. Murphy, of Washington, D. C., reached the city by the 1:14 train on the Coast Line the 2nd inst. and is stopping with his nephew, Capt. H. L. Murphy.

Dr. Murphy, as many of our readers know, visits Fayetteville at the invitation of the committee recently appointed at the town meeting held for the purpose of taking measures for the continuance of the Fayetteville Military Academy, left without a head by the death of the lamented Col. Drewry. Mr. H. R. Horne is the chairman of the committee, and several of the members met Dr. Murphy at Mr. Horne's store that forenoon. Subsequently they visited the Academy building, where they were courteously received by Mrs. Drewry and the members of the faculty and shown over the establishment. This included a visit to each of the recitation rooms, where the classes were reciting.

Those who have had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Murphy are greatly pleased with him. Evidently he is the kind of man we want here. He bears the highest testimonials from men of distinction throughout the country, among them being the very warm commendation of ex-Secretary and ex-Ambassador Bayard, whose sons were his pupils at Wilmington, Delaware.

Dr. Murphy is a native of Lincoln county, and the Hon. William Lander, member of the Confederate Congress from the Lincoln district, was his first cousin.

A sea-captain may navigate his ship safely across the ocean, but when he comes into port he must have a pilot who knows all the difficulties and dangers of that particular channel. In the voyage of life there are many perilous places where we need the help of a pilot who has a thorough knowledge of the special difficulties and dangers to be avoided.

In those delicate physical weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women a general practitioner or ordinary doctor has no opportunity to become thoroughly proficient. Still less to be trusted is the advice of any mere nurse or unscientific person.

Only a specialist who has given a life of study to this particular field of practice, is competent to treat the diseases of woman's intricate and complicated organism.

Any woman suffering from these delicate troubles may obtain the most eminent professional advice free of charge by writing to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. During nearly 30 years at the head of his splendid staff of specialists, he has successfully treated many thousands of cases of obstinate feminine complaints.

His "Favorite Prescription" was devised for the sole purpose of curing the diseases and weaknesses of the feminine organs. No other medicine has been so marvelously successful in this particular field of practice. No other medicine so completely overcomes all the dangers and nearly all the pains of motherhood.

"It is with pleasure I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to suffering ladies," writes Mrs. J. Ferguson, Box 29, Douglas Station, Selkirk Co., Manitoba. "After suffering untold tortures I thank God I found relief and cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

The greatest book for women ever published is Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated "Common Sense Medical Adviser," sent free in paper covers for cost of mailing *only*, 21 one-cent stamps; cloth-bound 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

To those who drink whiskey for pleasure; HARPER Whiskey adds zest to existence. To those who drink whiskey for health's sake; HARPER Whiskey makes life worth living.

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Every mother feels an indescribable dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal make its anticipation one of misery.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

is the remedy which relieves women of the great pain and suffering incident to maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is removed by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness nausea and other distressing conditions are avoided, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** *It is a blessing to woman.*

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address, upon application, by The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
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The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

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—AND—
Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

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in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
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J. R. WILLIAMS, Vice Prest.
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Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE FOR BIDS.

Bids will be received for the next 30 days by Mr. S. H. Cotton at HOPE MILLS, for Shingles in lots from five to one hundred thousand, said shingles to be either juniper or cypress—all heart, clear of knots, sparls and windshakes; 18 inches long, 4 inches wide and ¼ inch thick, to be delivered at Clarendon Bridge.

A. L. McCASKILL,
Clerk Board of County Com.
Feb. 8, 1898—d2tw2t

NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conferred on me by Section 5, Chap. 159, Act of 1895, it is hereby ordered that the polling place in Division No 1, Cross Creek Township, be changed from the Mulberry Trees, near the intersection of Kennedy street with Person street, to the vacant lot on Person street, near the foot of the Half-Way Bridge. CYRUS MURPHY,
Clerk Superior Court.
Feb. 10, 1898—4tw

CASTORIA.
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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..... MARCH 10, 1898.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

THE SHADOW OF WAR.

Events seem to be hastening us on to war. The usually well informed correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution—whom we may also describe as unusually well informed upon all subjects to which he gives his attention—sends a letter to Saturday's issue of that paper which clearly indicates the imminence of war.

He reports a member of the cabinet as saying to him: "*The Administration recognizes that war is possible and is rapidly preparing to meet every emergency.*"

This is as it should be, and, indeed, as it should have been, so far as the navy is concerned, for a quarter of a century past. The thousands of millions out of which the producing and smaller business classes of the country have been defrauded in all those years by unjust laws, constitute a subject with which we are all familiar. But the concrete millions of government revenue which have been squandered—many in the corrupt days of Robeson and Belknap, many more in enriching the pension sharks who have fed upon an easy-going view of the public obligations—appeal to our sense of what might have been with a very real acuteness now. Until Mr. Whitney began the rehabilitation of the navy in 1885, our ships of war were the laughing stock of the world. Yet we had been spending upon our fragment of a navy, for the twenty years that had elapsed after the close of the civil war, an annual sum of money that would have placed us where we now are after thirteen years of real effort in that direction. Our navy should be now only second to that of Great Britain, instead of being, as it is, barely superior to that of a fifth rate, bankrupt and effete power like Spain.

We recently published the New York Sun's carefully digested figures showing that our army, navy and pension annual disbursements exceeded those of Russia with its magnificent standing army of near a million men, its fairly good navy, and its centuries of inherited pension obligations.

But this is of the nature of grief over spilt milk. It is with the present emergency that we have to deal, and it is gratifying to know that the administration recognizes its duty in the premises and is bending all its energies to performing it.

The correspondent quoted above goes on to say, concerning the declaration of the cabinet member referred to:

"While this is simply a statement of what everybody has understood to be the situation for some time, it is the first time that any such declaration has been made by a cabinet official or anybody speaking for the administration. In this respect, therefore, it is most significant. It indicates that things are coming to a head. Taking everything into consideration, it looks tonight as if war is closer at hand than it has been at any time since Appomattox."

Besides the pressure which the occurrences of the last few weeks have brought to bear in opposition to what is described as the President's Wall Street peace-at-any-price attitude, it is asserted that Republican leaders have impressed upon him the perilous condition in which he would place his party if he took any other than a patriotic position in this emergency. It is under these influences, we are told, that he has finally made up his mind.

Says the correspondent:

"Under this administration policy the formal report from the Sampson investigation board will not be made for two or three weeks. What that report will be, the president is now clearly satisfied. He has received advices both from General Lee and from Captain Sigsbee which leave absolutely no question in his mind that the Maine was blown up from external agencies. Having reached that conclusion, he proposes to bring on the climax in such a way as will profit him and his party most, if that is possible.

"The Maine disaster will be treated only as an incident. The full responsibility for that will be thrown upon Spain and at the same time there will be either a formal demand for Cuba's freedom, or the facts in connection with the Maine's disaster and the facts showing the utter failure of autonomy and the terrible condition of affairs in Cuba, will be fully presented to congress and that body will be asked to act.

"This latter, my informant believes, is the most likely course to be pursued, and indeed it seems more in keeping with the president's character than would be a positive demand upon Spain, but in whichever way it comes the end reached will be the same.

"Spain will be held responsible for the destruction of the Maine and the demand will be made for her to take her foot from American soil. That will be met by a declaration of war from Spain, that is if congress does not first make one on behalf of this country.

"In whatever shape the details may be arranged, therefore, the outlook from the administration standpoint is that war is inevitable."

Every one agrees that if the public honor is involved, we must not shrink from war. But war is, indeed, a terrible thing. Besides death, wounds and the unimaginable sufferings of those who fight, and the multiplied sorrows of those dependent upon the dead and wounded, colossal debts ensue; more and more pensions; and, worse than all, the strengthening of the central authority will receive another enormous impetus. It is to be devoutly hoped that we shall at least be saved from being made the sport of mere partisan interests, or of a shift in the course of Wall Street to catch the breeze of war.

If only Mr. Cleveland had acted upon the resolution of Congress, two years ago, recognizing the belligerency of Cuba! In all probability Cuba would now be free, and we should not have overstepped our peaceful rights.

How Lee Offended.

A good deal of curiosity has been excited as to the cause of the Spanish request for General Lee's withdrawal from his Consular post. The alarming telegrams that brought the announcement to us Monday morning merely stated the fact. The Atlanta Constitution's Washington correspondent, Mr. Ohl, says in this connection:

The ground on which General Lee's recall was asked is not officially disclosed. It is known, however, that the Spanish government has chafed for some time over General Lee's presence in Havana, although this had never taken the form of a definite protest prior to the present time. It began to assume a more serious aspect shortly after the arrival of the Maine at Havana.

At that time General Lee escorted Captain Sigsbee on his round of official calls. These were made with due formality, but the Spanish officials took offense when the calls were restricted to General Blanco. Admiral Manterola and the representives of the military arm of Spain's service, and did not include Premier Galvez and his associates of the autonomous cabinet, who represent the new civil regime which Spain is seeking to enforce.

The matter came to the attention of Senor Dupuy DeLome, then Spanish minister at Washington, and although there were no protests, the situation doubtless reached the state department, as suitable amends were made, Captain Sigsbee calling on Dr. Congosto, the civil secretary general, Premier Galvez and his associates. There was like irritation over a dinner given by Consul General Lee to the officers of the Maine.

OBJECTED TO LEE'S GUESTS.

The lists of guests on that occasion is said to have omitted some of the Spanish naval officers and to have included quite conspicuously the names of a number of American newspaper correspondents who were regarded by the Spanish officials at Havana as antagonistic to them. This also came to the attention of the officials here, but was not made the basis for any action, but rather of unofficial Spanish criticism of General Lee's general mode of procedure.

Within recent days it has been understood by officials here that the feeling against General Lee had been smoothed over and the request for his recall was for that reason in the nature of a complete surprise. There are circumstances, however, which clearly disclose the grounds for the recall, although it is not known that Spain has made any exact specification of complaint.

Since the Maine disaster a report has been circulated that General Lee held the personal opinion that the explosion was due to external cause.

No official report of this character was ever sent to Washington so far as known; but the mere circulation of the report at Madrid attributing such views to General Lee has been the source of much feeling in Spanish official circles.

The press dispatches from Madrid also disclose that General Lee is held accountable at the Spanish capital for the project of the purchase of Cuba by the United States from Spain, as well as for a general sentiment of sympathy toward the insurgents.

The suggestion of the Imparcial, a leading government organ, that the next session of the cortes will consider the case of General Lee shows the strong influences which induced the Sagasta cabinet to ask his recall.

The New York Sun's Washington correspondent gives this:

From what source the information came to this Government that Spain desired the withdrawal of Consul General Lee cannot be ascertained. All that officials of the Government will say is that there is no formal request or demand to that effect. It has been known to the President for some time, however, that Gen. Lee has been objectionable to the Madrid Ministry and to the colonial Government at Havana on account of his statement in an official report to the State Department that the policy of autonomy had failed. Dr. Congosto, the Secretary General of Cuba, recently asked Gen. Lee to make an official disclaimer that he had predicted the failure of autonomy or had said that it had already failed. This Gen. Lee declined to do, and since then the Spanish Government has only refrained from cancelling his exequatur by the fear of offending the United States and perhaps forcing positive action on the Cuban question. It is understood that the information which Gen. Lee sent to President McKinley that the Maine was undoubtedly destroyed by some external means has offended the Spanish Government extremely, and, coming on top of his refusal to deny that he has reported to his Government that autonomy was not a success, it probably caused the Spanish Minister to decide that positive measures were necessary to get Gen. Lee away from Havana, and to determine, whatever the result, that it would convey to the United States its desire that he should be no longer allowed to represent this country in an official capacity at the Cuban capital.

When Assistant Secretary Day learned that the newspapers were in possession of the information which the Government had been guarding so carefully, he went immediately to the White House, where he left five hours later. Judge Day gave to the newspapers the formal statement which told of the firm stand taken by the President regarding the intimation that Gen. Lee was *persona non grata*, and that Spain viewed with concern the assignment of American naval vessels to transport relief supplies to Cuba.

As the desire of the Spanish Government that Gen. Lee be recalled has not been conveyed officially to the United States, the matter may not proceed further. President McKinley's formal statement was undoubtedly intended as notice to Spain that this Government proposed to retain Gen. Lee as its consular representative in Havana, and that, unless Spain robbed him of his official usefulness by the cancellation of his exequatur, no change in his status would be made.

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The War Ship Market.

Says the Washington correspondent of the Atlanta Journal in a letter of Friday's date:—

The impression that both the governments of Spain and that of this country are putting themselves on a war footing is becoming fixed in the minds of officials here. The fact that Spain is buying up war ships is taken as only additional evidence of the preparation. Naval officers predict that this country will soon be forced into the open market for ironclads, not merely as a war preparation, but in anticipation of actual war.

A naval officer, one in whose word I can put implicit faith, said to me this morning:

"The department has gone so far in its anticipation of trouble as to make out details. The moment hostilities should begin every one of us now in the department as well as all other naval officers doing shore duty would be ordered to sea. The department has settled every detail and every one of us here are prepared to obey orders at a moment's notice. Those of us who have not full regulation uniforms are completing our outfit. I have been trying to find out my detail, but the greatest secrecy is observed. I only know that they are all made out. It is only one of the straws which show the way the wind is veering."

The active preparations which Spain is making is creating a feeling of uneasiness here among public men. The fear is expressed here that unless the United States enters the market for armor clads that she might be cut off from the purchase of them by an open declaration of hostilities. Until there is a declaration of war any nation can buy battleships from any other nation, but as soon as war is declared nations cannot sell armaments or armor clads without violating neutrality laws.

Steps are being taken this morning by the president to determine the truth of the published reports that Spain is buying battleships. If he is convinced that the government of Spain is doing so, and with hostile intent, he may ask congress for permission to increase our navy in a similar way. It is now too late to think of building, as it takes from one to three years to construct an armored cruiser or battleship.

It is reported here this morning that the administration will secure options on ships now under construction for South American countries in view of purchasing them if it be found necessary.

Spain's efforts to increase her naval forces is only another indication that she fears or else anticipates an adverse decision by the court of inquiry.

Says the correspondent of the Constitution:—

The Associated Press cablegram showing the purchase of new cruisers by Spain was gravely discussed by republican leaders this evening, and it may lead to the immediate passage by congress of some bill on the line of one already introduced, placing in the hands of the secretary of the navy $10,000,000 or $20,000,000 as an emergency fund for the purchase of warships wherever they can be bought.

It would be impossible to secure any of these after hostilities were begun, and there are very few on the market as it is.

The fact that Spain seems to have money with which to make these purchases has caused a lot of talk at the state department as to possible alliances Spain may have. Somebody must have advanced her the money, for she is reputed bankrupt, and the advancement of money at this time seems to necessarily mean an alliance with some other power of Europe.

Everybody names France in the first guess, but it is nothing but guesswork.

At the Cuban Headquarters.

A Santiago de Cuba letter to the New York Sun dated February 18th says:

Gen. Calixto Garcia and President Bartolome Maso have been informed from New York of the strained relations between the United States and Spain and the possibility of a war between the two countries.

Advices with regard to diplomatic representations from the American Government, urging Spain to settle the Cuban war before May 1, were sent on Feb. 10 to President Maso by a special messenger, who reached the Cuban Government near Ciego de Avila in Puerto Principe province.

At the same time, the Cuban Government has received special information from its agents in Spain and Havana that Spain is willing to provoke war with the United States as a solution, from the Spanish point of view, of the Cuban question.

Senor Don Pio Gullon, Spain's Minister of Foreign Affairs, is of the opinion—according to Cuban information—that if Spain is defeated by the Americans that defeat will be more honorable than to be driven out of the island merely by the Cubans, but that if Spain, in the first two or three weeks of the war with the United States, wins some important military advantage, the insurgents will surrender, and peace can then be imposed upon the United States on conditions advantageous to Spain.

President Maso immediately called a meeting of his Cabinet to discuss the news and take what action seemed best under the circumstances. He also sent a long despatch to Gen. Gomez, who is at his camp at Lademajuaga, Santa Clara province.

According to most trustworthy information received by The Sun correspondent, the Cuban Government has decided to address a manifesto to the country as soon as hostilities are opened between the United States and Spain inviting every Cuban who is now on the island living within the Spanish fortified towns to take the field and join the Cuban army.

Previous laws forbidding unarmed men to join the Cuban forces will be abolished. An invitation will be addressed also to all Cubans abroad under 50 years of age to enlist in the American army or come to Cuba to fight.

Senor Maso also made the following declaration:

"We do not invite war between the United States and Spain, because *we need only to be officially recognized* by the American nation. But if such a war comes we will do our best to quickly defeat the Spaniards on land."

Whooping cough is the most distressing malady; but its duration can be cut short by the use of One Minute Cough Cure, which is also the best known remedy for croup and all lung and bronchial troubles. King Bros.

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1898.

There is no denying that the present policy of the administration is aggravating and galling to the average American, regardless of his political affiliation. It is difficult to understand, when Spain is moving heaven and earth to borrow money and to buy warships to fight us, why we should not be openly preparing for war by having Congress appropriate the money needed to buy additional warships and to put us on a war footing generally, instead of pretending that the preparations for war which the administration is making, not only to the extent of available appropriations but in anticipation of appropriations, are merely routine proceedings. We are not fooling Spain, and it seems nonsensical trying to fool ourselves. Mr. McKinley knows just as everybody else knows, that there isn't one chance in ten that war will be avoided. He knows that the acceptance of blood money from Spain will not be countenanced, and that a peace at any price policy would have no supporters outside of Wall street and its connections. Knowing these things it is his duty to ask Congress to make the necessary appropriations to put the country in a proper condition of defense and to enable it to give Spain the thrashing it has been itching for during the last year or two. It is no valid excuse to claim that doing so would be a reflection upon the Naval Court of Inquiry. If so, Spain has been casting reflections upon that Court quite numerously during the last few days. But, as a matter of fact, would it be any more reflection to openly ask for the money from Congress to make proper and needed preparation for war, than it is to be secretly making conditional contracts for the same thing, in anticipation of appropriations that Congress has not even yet been asked to make? There is probably not a man in Congress who would ask that a gun be fired in advance of the verdict of the Court of Inquiry, but inasmuch as everybody now thinks that that verdict will show that the destruction of the Maine was not an accident, there is little doubt that a majority of Congress would like to see the administration openly making ready to fight after that verdict is rendered.

Few men in Congress are willing to believe the rumors connecting Mr. McKinley's name with the scheme to buy Cuba from Spain. Some of his advisers may be in the scheme, but Mr. McKinley ought to know the people of this country well enough to know that they would bury every man out of sight, politically speaking, who dared to support the necessary legislation to make this country guarantee the payment of Cuban bonds which would go to the present holders of Spanish bonds. If this scheme is seriously pushed, it will soon be discovered that the universal sentiment of our people is, millions for the preservation of our national honor, but not one cent for Spanish bond holders.

It appears that the friends of Hawaiian annexation are afraid to try to secure annexation by a joint resolution, owing to threats of the opposition to keep Congress in session all the summer, if they do. At a secret meeting of the Senate committee on foreign relations it was decided to make another attempt to ratify the treaty. If that fails, as it is expected to do, the whole matter may be dropped until the next session of Congress.

Czar Reed's latest ruling, that Democrats shall not when the House is sitting as a Committee of the whole criticise the administration, the republican party, or any individual republican, is another step towards the absolute throttling of free speech in the House, and is just as outrageous as any of those in the same direction which have preceded it. From the birth of Congress the custom has been to allow the very widest latitude to members who made speeches while the House was sitting as the committee of the whole, but this new autocratic mumbo jumbo says that no democrat will be allowed to make a political speech, except when the bill under consideration is purely political. This muzzling rule would be outrageous even if it were made to apply impartially to all members of the House, but when applied, as it has been, solely to anti-republican members it is more than outrageous; it is depriving the representatives of the people of their constitutional right to be heard at all times.

The United States reward has been increased to $1,500 for the arrest of any person or persons who were connected with the killing of the negro postmaster at Lake City, S. C., and his child, and a number of Government detectives have been put on the case. The members of the South Carolina delegation in Congress all say that the State authorities are trying hard to run down and punish the perpetrators of this barbarous crime.

Common Sense.

Red Springs Citizen.

In the last State election we were decidedly in the minority. The Presidential ticket carried the State by about 20,000 majority, showing that the sentiment of our people is for the free coinage of silver. If we expect to carry the State in the campaign of 1898, where are the recruits to come from? Evidently a large element of the Democracy voted the fusion ticket, not because this element was Republican, but because the people were tired of goldbug rule, and the opposition offered the only way in which they could express their disapproval of the treachery of those who adhered to the gold standard. The people can unite upon the living issues and save the State. Now what sense is there in the action of the goldbug press in opposing the co operation agreed on in the coming congressional campaign?

The lines will be sharply drawn in the coming fight, and those who don't like the smell of free silver gunpowder had better align themselves at once under the black flag of Republicanism. That is your proper place, gentlemen, and your presence in the free silver army is not desired.

Close of Gold Hill School, Taught by L. L. Hursey.

The close of Gold Hill school was largely attended considering the inclemency of the weather and enjoyed by all that attended.

The following received prizes for marks of intelligence and application: Miss Mary McKenzie Miss Sallie McKenzie, Miss Annie McBryde, Miss Janie May Currie, Chalmas McMillan and C. T. Hursey. The best reciter Miss Mary McKenzie. Best declaimer C. T. Hursey.

The honor roll of scholars C. T. Hursey made an average of 97; Sammie McKenzie 96; Miss Mary McKenzie 95; Miss Maggie McBryde 95; Miss Annie McBryde 95; Miss Gussie McKenzie 94; Miss Janie May Currie 94; Miss Sallie McKenzie 92½; Miss Mary McMillan 92.

Respectfully,

L. L. HURSEY.

Beaver Dam Items.

BEAVER DAM, March 7, 1898.

Messrs. R. G. and Jos. Bullard spent some time last week visiting around Hope Mills.

Rev. R. A. Hedgepeth filled his regular appointment at Beaver Dam last Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. C. A. Jenkins of the Bladen circuit commenced his year's work last Saturday by preaching at the Academy near Clay Fork.

Miss Elmira Hales, who has been losing her mind for some time had to be taken to the asylum at Raleigh last Saturday. Her brother, Mr. Hales, and Dr. F. J. Cooper of Roseboro, carried her to the asylum. We hope it is only temporary insanity and she will soon be restored to her right mind.

Mr. J. H. Cashwell and Miss S. C. Hall were married the 3rd of March, both of Robin, N. C. Esquire G. A. Hall officiating. We extend our congratulation by wishing them a long and happy life.

After a long and painful illness of that dreaded disease, consumption, Mr. Henry Melvine died Feb. 28th Mr. Melvine was a loving husband, kind father and high toned Christain gentleman. Our departed friend will be mised not only by his family but by the entire community. He was always ready to extend the hand of benevolence to those who needed help and help lift oppression off those who might be oppressed. A kind father, a loving husband, a generous neighbor and a Christian gentleman is gone.

We are sorry to see chronicled in the OBSERVER the sad news of "Scotch Lassie's" illness. We hope before these broken notes reach the type, that she may be completely restored to health, and be able to send another of those bright and enlivening letters to the OBSERVER, which no other than "Scotch Lassie can write.

Maj. A. D. McGill and family have our sympathy, as the major is a kind of a "pet" with we Beaver Dam people.

JACK.

MANCHESTER CULLINGS.

"Ooh, sure," attention is turned this way.

Messrs. Martin McKinnon, H. T. Gregory, James Black, Richard Boyd and Dr. Betts have been calling on friends here during the past week.

The Factory is really going to run, very soon, we are informed by good authority and it means much to Manchester.

The village school closed with great eclat last Saturday, and everybody had a "finger in the pie."

Miss Mary McDiarmid is at home here, we know by the huge trunk, she has come to stay awhile.

These are cullings of peace:

Ah, God! what of war?

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

Oh! Father, leave the gates ajar. Listen: The wailing for the dead.

We thank thee, oh! God, our President is a Christian. Shall we pass under the rod? Forgive, Father, the anxious question.

Better far than life, we love our country's honor.

We pray no disgrace, or strife, will come upon her.

Oh! Madre Mia, save us from scenes of blood on histories pages.

Save us, save us, *save us*, when the storm around us rages.

BON AMI.

Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

Rev. P. R. Law, filled his appointment at the St. Paul's Presbyterian Church last Sunday.

Miss. Laura McCormick, is quite sick with pneumonia.

Prof. Joseph McAuther, principal of the Lumber Bridge High School, was among the visitors at St. Paul's last Sunday.

Miss. Lillie Parker, is on the sick list.

Miss. Bettie McGeachy, has been selected for one of the singers in the choir of the annual Elders' and Deacons' Institute, which will convene at Red Springs, N. C.,

Mr.—Lamb, of Fayetteville, passed St. Paul's last Saturday on his way to Lumberton.

Communion services will be held at Fisher's Methodist Church next Sunday evening.

MARRIED.—Mr. Robert Carroll, of Bladen, and Miss. Julia Stephens, of Robeson, were happily united in marriage last Thursday, Mr. William Riddle, J. P., of lower Cumberland, officiating. B.

St. Paul's, N. C., March 7th, 1898.

RAEFORD NOTES.

Prof. Currie, spent Saturday and Sunday, at his home near West End, N. C.,

Mrs. Mary McBryde, of Ryan, and Mrs. Dickson, of Vollers, went to Aberdeen Saturday, to see Rev. Mr. Johnson, who is very ill.

Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen from Aberdeen, visited Raeford, last week. Come again.

Depot Agent McKeithan, reports twenty five car loads of guano received here up to date.

The parsonage at this place is nearing completion, it is a very nice building.

Don't annoy others by your coughing, and risk your life by neglecting a cold. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. King Bros.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are unequaled in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

North Carolina,

Cumberland County.

In the Superior Court, Nov. Term, 1898.

Lilly & Gray, Executors, *vs.* Jos. Ray.

Notice of Land Sale.

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me by a decree rendered at November Term of Cumberland Superior Court in the above entitled action, I will offer for sale the following property: Ninety-three acres in Carver's Creek Township, State and County above written and bounded as follows: On the north adjoining the lands of W. C. Blackman and the Ray lands; on the west by the lands of Henry Capps, on the south adjoining the Ray lands and the lands of D. B. Calvin; on the east bounded by the lands of John Hodges. See Records of Cumberland County, Book L, No. 4, page 467.

Time of sale, April 9th, 1898, at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., at 12 o'clock M.

Terms: Cash.

March 9, 1898. S. H. MACRAE, Commissioner.

THE MAINE DISASTER.

At no stage of the present complications with Spain has the situation presented a more serious aspect. Both nations are now openly making preparations for future possibilities, Spain especially so, having purchased two warships from Brazil and negotiating with other countries for others.

Three bodies were recovered Saturday from the wreck of the Maine. One of them was identified as that of Robert White, a mess attendant, and another supposed to be that of a man named Stewart.

The Almirante Quendo and the Vizcaya, sister ships, are moored a few hundred yards from each other and present a fine appearance.

Further inquiries, says a cable from London, made on the subject confirm the report cabled yesterday, of the sale of the two cruisers which the Armstrongs have been building for Brazil, to Spain. The inquiries further show that a representative of the Chilian government has been negotiating with a representative of the Spanish government for the sale of the battleship O'Higgins, built by the Armstrongs for Chili, and it is believed that the deal is practically completed whereby this splendid warship passes into Spain's possession.

According to the statement of a man whose cards describe him as being an electrical engineer, whose name cannot be disclosed, but has been forwarded to Washington, he sold to Spanish officers in London, several years ago a large number of mines, eight or ten of which were placed in Havana harbor.

A cable from Havana dated Saturday says:

Ensign Powellson was examined by the Board of Inquiry concerning the work of the divers, over which he has supervision, and his examination was continued after the recess.

Captain Sampson, the president of the court, said he was very sorry, but it was impossible to tell the correspondent any part of the testimony or the conclusion reached.

Divers Still at Work.

The OBSERVER'S telegraphic service Monday afternoon, covering the important events of Sunday and Monday, met with most pleasing expressions of commendation. It was indeed most excellent as is shown by the big dailies of this morning, which contain nothing of importance that was not in the OBSERVER yesterday. It gave the people of Fayetteville the news nearly twenty hours in advance of the morning papers.

THE COURT OF INQUIRY.

The court of inquiry held its usual sessions Monday, examining Ensign Powelson and the divers' plans. The Spanish divers work when they desire to do so. The day was beautiful and the wreckers advanced steadily in clearing away the debris. Many articles of personal value to the officers of the Maine are recovered from time to time.

FIFTY MILLION FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, yesterday introduced a bill entitled: "Making appropriations for the National Defense." Is as follows:

"That there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the national defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, to be expended at the discretion of the president and to remain available until June 30, 1899, $50,000,000."

This morning's press dispatches say:

It is learned that the Spanish objection to Consul General Lee is based largely upon his sympathy for the Cubans and some of his utterances which have found their way into print. It is understood that the Spaniards also take exceptions to the friendly relations and companionship existing between General Lee and correspondents of papers.

There was a conference last evening at the residence of the Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, which was attended by members of the cabinet, senators and representatives. It is also known that some Democrats were present. Assurances were given the representatives of the administration that any amount of funds that were deemed necessary would be provided by congress to put the government in a state of defense and that the administration would be backed in anything that was thought necessary.

The Court of Inquiry Does Little

The big daily papers Wednesday contain nothing of importance that was not read by Fayetteville people Tuesday afternoon nearly 20 hours in advance.

With the afternoon press dispatches we can give our people at 4 o'clock, news of events which happened in London at 6 o'clock, two hours later.

THE COURT OF INQUIRY.

The Court of Inquiry did little yesterday. Consul General Lee was very briefly examined and also one diver. Considerable time was spent on the wreck. Captain Sampson listened patiently to various theories propounded by newspaper men and others as to the cause of the explosion and also to statements as to hawsers found in the harbor and boiler iron on the shore.

The Spanish divers put in a good day's work, examining chiefly the forward part of the wreck, on the starboard side. Captain Peral, of the Spanish court of inquiry, was at the wreck in a boat for some time during the afternoon.

A press dispatch this morning says:

In spite of numerous conferences of officials of the continuation of the preparations now in progress on a large scale to put the country in a state of defense, and of the outburst of patriotic speeches in congress, there was a feeling apparent in the best informed circles that the situation as to our relations with Spain was to day much more favorable than it was yesterday.

PASSED THE HOUSE UNANIMOUSLY.

The debate on the $50,000,000 appropriation bill in the House closed at 4:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

When the question was put on the passage of the bill, the whole house rose en masse in its favor, but Mr. Cannon asked for the ayes and noes. He did so he said, at the request of many members who desired that every member should go on record.

Every member present voted for the bill. When the speaker announced the vote—"311 ayes and noes none," an enthusiastic demonstration occurred.

A press dispatch from Washington says:

A good deal is being accomplished in the way of preparation in both the navy and war departments. The conference at the navy department to day looked into the procurement of a suitable store of ammunition, coal and supplies, touched upon the question of drydocks and generally considered a number of other matters connected with the operations of a warship. The war department was not behind the navy. Gen. Flagner, chief of ordnance, is very busy reaching out in every direction by means of telegraph and the mail to learn just how far the resources of the big private manufacturing concerns can be relied on to come to the aid of the department in arming and equipping a volunteer army, should one be found necessary.

NO REPORT FROM COURT OF INQUIRY.

Three weeks ago last night the Maine was blown up. As it was last week at this time, so it is now; nothing is known officially as to the cause of the disaster.

AN OLD DOCTOR'S FAVORITE.

Dr. L. M. Gilliam, who practiced medicine over forty years, originated, used and claimed that Botanic Blood Balm, (B B. B.) which has now been in use about fifty-five years, was the best Tonic and Blood Purifier ever given to the world. It never fails to cure the most malignant ulcers, sores, rheumatism, catarrh, and all skin and blood diseases. Beware of substitutes. Use this standard remedy. Price per large bottle $1.00.

AFTER SEVERAL DOCTORS FAILED

I have been afflicted with Catarrh for many years, although all sorts of medicines and several doctors did their best to cure me. My blood was very impure, and nothing ever had any effect upon the disease until I used that great Blood Remedy known as Botanic Blood Balm. (B. B. B.), a few bottles of which effected an entire cure. I recommend it to all who have Catarrh. I refer to any merchant or banker of Athens, Ga., and will reply to any inquiries.

R. R. SAUTER.

For sale by Druggists.

Gold Leaf Smoking Tobacco 2 oz for 10c KINGS'.

Chico, the best 5c Cigar KINGS'.

Defending the Mouth of the Cape Fear.

The fact has been noised that on Friday night there passed through here on the A. C. L. an enormous gun and two cars loaded with ammunition, bound for Pensacola, Fla. This was only one of the many instances of the preparations being made for defense in all parts of the union. And now we have it illustrated right here at home, and Fayetteville "stay at homes" (if there is a war) can rest assured that no Spanish fleet can reach this port.

The Wilmington Messenger of this morning says:

Yesterday a large shipment of submarine mines, which arrived here by the Atlantic Coast Line, were sent to Fort Caswell on the steamer Wilmington. These "mines" are big round torpedoes and are shells of iron, each loaded with 500 pounds of dynamite. They are 33 inches in diameter, and each of them weighs several hundred pounds.

These mines will be kept at Fort Caswell and are intended to be planted in the channel of the bar in case of emergency. They can be planted in little or no time and will sprout if need be. They will be connected with wires to an electric battery in the fort and the touching of a button will cause them to explode with terrific effect. Any one of them would play havoc with a big ship. In the event of war with any other power a net work of these mines will be placed in the channel.

The Elders' and Deacons' Institute.

The Lumber Bridge News of last week says:

The Elders' and Deacons' Institute for 1897 will be held at Red Springs and begin the evening of Friday, the 29th of July, and continue until the following Friday. Mr. W. F. Blount is to be the manager of the music. In order to make sure of good singing, about twenty young ladies are to be chosen and given their board in the Seminary that they may be present punctually at every service and inspire others to join them in the service of song. The program is not yet complete. Mr. Hector McLean, the chairman, is pushing the work on with commendable zeal. We hope he may succeed, among other things, in getting board at reasonable rates at the hotels. Let this Institute, in reality, be the best we have ever had.

The Fayetteville and Albemarle R. R.

We learn that there is some likelihood after all of the early construction of the Fayetteville and Albemarle Railroad. It will be remembered that an election was to have been held in this township and 71st, on the question of voting a bond subscription to this road, but on account of a defect in the act authorizing the election, it had to be called off.

It is now said that the northern parties interested, will build the road anyway if the right of way and the charter is given them. It is now thought by many that this road will be of great benefit to Fayetteville in connecting us with Southern Pines, thus bringing us in touch with many wealthy northern men.

Children and adults tortured by burns, scalds, injuries, eczema or skin diseases may secure instant relief by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the great Pile remedy. King Bros.

Ask Your Neighbor

whose house is conspicuously clean, whose work worries her least, whose leisure time is greatest, how she manages. The chances are ten to one she will answer.

"I do all my cleaning with

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

Sold by all grocers. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Pieture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS,

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.

Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.

☞ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

WALTER WATSON.

Persistent Coughs

A cough which seems to hang on in spite of all the remedies which you have applied certainly need energetic and sensible treatment For twenty-five years that standard preparation of cod-liver oil,

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has proved its effectiveness in curing the trying affections of the throat and lungs, and this is the reason why: the cod-liver oil, partially digested, strengthens and vitalizes the whole system; the hypophosphites act as a tonic to the mind and nerves, and the glycerine soothes and heals the irritation. Can you think of any combination so effective as this?

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MARCH 10, 1898

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsiole for the veiws or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. M. Prior---Business
The Sun, Baltimore, Md.
Mike Folb, Manager---Wake up!
S. H. MacRae---Notice of Land Sale.
Ledbetter Bros.---Ain't it a "Beaut!"
Dr. W. C. Galloway---Visit to Fayetteville.
B G Hollingsworth---Assignee's Sale of Accounts.
John Gill, Receiver---Sale of Unclaimed Freight.
The Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.—Papeteries.

The G. T. C. will meet this evening at 8 o'clock at the Manse.

"Scotch Lassie" Better.

Our readers will rejoice to learn that Miss McGill is better today, and there is strong hope of her recovery.

Another Cotton Buyer.

Mr. Rogers, representing Chas. E. Johnson & Co. of Raleigh, is a welcome addition to our corps of cotton buyers.

Shad Plentiful.

Shad are already being caught in great numbers by our local fishermen; Tuesday night more than one hundred were landed.

Change of Residence.

Mr. Geo. Thomson and family will, Saturday, move into the house on Green street recently occupied by Mr. H. R. Novitzky.

Target Practice.

The F. I. L. I. will turn out Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in civilian costume, to have their annual target practice and shoot for the Knott medal.

Another Office Building.

Mr. Herbert Lutterloh is adding another office building to the row of Donaldson street. It is situated between the law offices of Judge Buxton and Mr. Shaw, and makes the sixth building of the row.

Fox Race in Town.

There was an exciting fox chase in the heart of the city Monday night. Renard, close pressed by a pack of hounds in full cry, entered the city, and tearing down Dick street, eluded the hounds by crouching on the piazza of Mr. E. L. Pemberton's residence.

Mr. Jesse B. Carver Dead.

After a long and painful illness, Mr. Jesse B. Carver died Monday morning at 10 o'clock at his home near Sherwood. The funeral took place this afternoon from the residence. Mr. Carver, who was in his 70th year, leaves four children to mourn his loss, two sons and two daughters.

Opera House.

We are reliably informed that the famous "Old Farmer Hopkins" company will positively be at our Opera House one night only March 24. This attraction is of the highest class, carrying all its own elaborate outfit of scenery, mechanical effects, music and all the other details necessary to a finished performance.

Magistrates News.

Sim Gilmore was tried Tuesday for an attempt criminal assault on Sallie Underwood and bound over to court.

YARBORO SKIPPED.

The trial of Mr. D. F. Yarboro, charged with seduction under promise of marriage, was to have taken place Tuesday before 'Squire Overby, but when the defendant was called, it was announced that he had disappeared.

Sixty-Eight Members.

The F. I. L. I. now have enrolled sixty-eight active members in good fighting trim and they promise to make it hot for the Spaniards if war is declared. The latest addition is Mr. W. O. Haywood.

A $30 000 Corporation.

The Fayetteville Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Company was Tuesday incorporated by the Secretary of State, with a capital stock of $30,000. The incorporators are W. N. Williams, J. R. Williams, C. H. McLauchlin and W. B. Alexander. The business proposed is the manufacture and sale of cotton seed products generally, such as oil, meal, hulls, linters, soap stock and soap; refining crude oil and manufacturing it into lard; making and selling yarns, rope, twine and other textiles, buying and feeding cattle and doing all things requisite to a proper conduct of the business.

Post Office Hours.

From Postmaster W. D. Gaster we gather the following facts in regard to Post Office hours, and it will be of benefit to our local readers to cut it out and put it over their desks:—

The postoffice is opened every day (Sunday excepted) for the sale of stamps and any other business from 8 a. m. until 6 p. m. except when mail is being received and distributed, at which time the law requires the office closed. The office is always open without any interruption from 8 a. m. until 10:45 a. m., also from 1 p. m until 4 10 p. m., when mails are on time.

The office is never closed between the hours of 8 a. m. and 6 p. m. except when the law closes it.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

Marriage Licenses.

The Register of Deeds granted twenty marriage licenses, 10 to white and 10 to colored, for the month ending March 7th.

River News.

There was 17 7 feet of water in the Cape Fear Monday. The water reached its highest point Sunday when it stood 20.5 feet; a good sized freshet.

Dr. Murphy Takes the F. M. A.

Yesterday Dr. S. W. Murphy met the F. M. A. committee at the Mayor's office, and, after a pleasant interchange of views, decided to purchase the school outfit of the late Col. Drewry and to take charge of that institution. He will begin work on Monday.

This is great news for our community. It assures the continuance of this important school, and its continuance under the very best auspices; for every one is delighted with the new Principal.

By the way, Dr. Murphy was a surgeon in the Confederate army, for most of the war in charge of the N. C. Soldiers' Home in Richmond, Va. He is a graduate of William and Mary College under the old regime, and an A. M. of that famous old institution.

Bad Accident to Mr. Sam Harper.

Mr. J. Sam Harper arrived home yesterday afternoon, suffering severely from an accident which happened to him at Southern Pines the day before. His forehead bears two ugly scars and he is slightly hurt internally.

On Thursday afternoon, he was in the waiting room at the hotel at Southern Pines, and wishing a bell boy, he touched the electric button, but receiving no answer he went to the head of the stairs to call one, when his foot caught in a big rug, tripping him and precipitating his head foremost to the next landing. He was picked up unconscious and a doctor immediately summoned, who pronounced his injuries severe but not dangerous.

Interesting Items of Local Interest.

The Lumber Bridge News of Thursday has the following:

Efforts are being made to put up a telephone line from Fayetteville to Red Springs. Good. When our people see proper connections in it with Lumberton they will take stock.

The removal of Mr. Alex Sessoms and his family from the neighborhood to Glen Echo, will be a great loss. He is arranging his business affairs so as to establish himself at one place yet unselected in the South by opening of the next fall.

The stockholders of the Cape Fear & Northern Railway have just organized at Holly Springs, Wake county, with G. B. Alford president. Mr. Alford says: "The road is a certainty. Work will begin as soon as the right of way can be obtained. The survey and other preliminaries will be made at an early date. The road will run from Raleigh to Cape Fear, via Cary, Holly Springs and Lillington. It is our purpose to push the line on to Wilmington, N. C."

Meeting of Board of Commissioners.

The County Commissioners met Monday in regular monthly session with Chairman Cotton, Commissioners J. A. Gainey and J. A. McFarland, and attorney N. A. Sinclair present.

County physician McGougan was authorized to bury Lomax's wife, Lomax being a prisoner in jail.

Nathan Brady was granted permission to go to the home for the aged and infirm.

The resignation of Duncan Davis as fence overseer of the Gray's Creek stock law district was accepted and Charles Clark was appointed his successor.

The contract for furnishing shingles for the Clarendon bridge was granted to M. H. Bullard at $1 00 per thousand as per his bid—50,000 to be delivered in thirty days and 50,000 to be delivered in sixty days, making 100,000 in all.

It was ordered that the reward offered for the arrest of Alex. Gilmore be paid to Robert James.

The committee appointed to investigate the charges of Margaret Howell against D. B. Autry, superintendent of the poor house, submitted its report, which was accepted and ordered filed; said report exonerating D. B. Autry. The thanks of the Board was extended to said committee.

J. S. Ratly was paid $25.00 by the Board, for damages done his property by falling through Rockfish bridge.

Commissioner J. A. McFarland was appointed to act with the county authorities of Harnett in repairing bridge over Little River on McNeill road.

Consideration of the petition of J. S. Breece and others to change the McArthur road, was continued to the next meeting.

It was ordered that the Board offer to refund to Wm. Palmer $2.00, the amount of tax which Mrs. H. C. Fisher's 190 acres of land in Cedar Creek township was sold for taxes and purchased by said Palmer, the said land having been sold by mistake.

The insolvent account was left to N. A. Sinclair for approval and be paid as approved by him.

It was ordered that the costs in the case against J. D. Johnson, removed to Sampson county and not prossed, be continued until all the papers in the case and the complete bill of costs was filed. It was further ordered that the matter of cost in the same case in Sampson county in which was a mistrial, be deferred until said case is fully disposed of.

Bills were passed from 700 to 735 inclusive, amounting to $610.73.

The Board adjourned to meet in special session Saturday the 19th.

We are anxious to do a little good in this world and can think of no pleasanter or better way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventive of pneumonia consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. KING BROS.

An Ugly Affair.

Saturday night J. H. Benoy, Herbert Brown and Geo. Holliday, the latter two colored, got into a fight in Thain's store, which threatened at one time to be a serious affair. Officers Maultsby and Buckingham, assisted by several civilians, arrested all three, after a desperate resistance, and they were taken to the guard house and locked up. During the trip to the lock up officer Maultsby received a severe knife gash on the hand. The parties were tried before Mayor Cook Monday morning and bound over to court. They all gave bond.

LEE'S RE-CALL REQUESTED.

MCKINLEY REFUSES.

A press dispatch from Madrid Monday morning states: "The Spanish Minister of Foreign affairs recently intimated to United States Minister Woodford that the Spanish government desired the recall from Havana of Consul General Lee, and that the American warships which have been designated to convey supplies to Cuba for the relief of the sufferers there should be replaced by merchant vessels. Minister Woodford cabled the request to the Washington government, which replied refusing to re-call General Lee, in the present circumstances or to countermand the orders for the dispatch of the war vessels."

A press dispatch from Washington same morning says: "The following authorized statement has been handed to the Associated Press by Judge Day: The President will not consider the recall of General Lee. He has borne himself throughout this crisis with judgment, fidelity and courage. As to the supplies for the relief of the Cubans, all arrangements have been made to carry a consignment this week from Key West by one of the naval vessels."

A dispatch this morning further says that it is believed that the request for the re-call was made a day or two ago.

WASHINGTON, March 7th.—Spain has withdrawn her request for the recall of General Lee, and it is now believed that the incident is practically closed. The withdrawal came to-day in shape of an official communication from Minister Woodford. It is now stated that the request was never in the shape of an official demand, but that it was merely a suggestion on the part of Spain. When she found that it would not be pleasantly received by this country she promptly receded.

Blanco Says Lee is Alright

By cable to the Observer.)

MADRID, March 8.

A semi-official note just issued declares that the government has not received any complaint regarding its attitude to Gen. Lee; on the contrary Gen. Blanco affirms that Lee's behavior has always been correct. Nevertheless the incident serves to explain the origin of the ill-will between the two countries. This is proved by statements attributed to Secretary Sherman, by which the jingoes have created the belief in the United States that Spain was trying to provoke war while at same time engendering a feeling in Spain that the United States demands open hostilities. It is essential that this double game should be ended in order to prevent the two countries from going to war without motives and without either desiring it.

General Lee's Patriotic Words.

By cable to the Observer.)

HAVANA, March 8.

Consul General Lee said last night, "If Spain wishes to declare any or all of us *persona non grata*, it's her privilege, but if we must leave town we will leave with the American flag flying and brass bands at the head of the procession."

Spain in a Hurry.

By cable to the Observer.

LONDON, March 7.—The last two Spanish torpedo boat destroyers constructed by Thompson's shipyard are being hastened to full completion, and will be ready to leave Clyde Banks Friday. One hundred and fifty Spanish officers arrived yesterday. The vessels go direct to Ferrol where complete armament and crews will be received, and then they will proceed to Cuba.

America in a Hurry

By telegraph to the Observer.

BROOKLYN, March 7.—Orders were received at the Navy Yard from Washington this morning to enlist men without limit, except apprentices. A crowd of two hundred applied by nine o'clock, and recruiting went on rapidly during the morning on board the receivership Vermont.

Brazil's Ships Not Sold.

By cable to the Observer.

LONDON, March 7.—The Secretary of the Brazilian legation here authorizes the statement that no Brazilian warships were sold to Spain or any other country; but says Brazil is willing, however, to sell some ships to highest bidder.

The need of good Spring Medicine is almost universal and Hood's Sarsaparilla exactly meets this need. Be sure to get Hood's.

Poor and Weak

Catarrh and Bronchial Trouble—Had no Appetite—Now Better in Every Way—A Delicate Child.

"Some time since I took a sudden cold and could not get rid of it. Being subject to catarrh and bronchial trouble I coughed terribly. I lost my appetite and grew poor and weak and I did not feel like work. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. In a short time the cough disappeared, I slept well, had a good appetite and I was better in every way. Last spring I was not feeling well, I had no appetite and no strength. I resorted to Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon felt more like work. My little nephew was a delicate child and had a humor which troubled him so he could not rest at night. He has taken a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and now he has a good appetite and is able to sleep." MISS ABBIE J. FREEMAN, South Duxbury, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Latest by Telegraph.

(From Yesterday's Daily Observer)

English Have Trouble in Bombay.

By cable to the Observer.

BOMBAY, March 9.—Plague riots have broken out in the native quarters of the city with the result that many persons have been killed and wounded. British bluejackets have been landed to quell disturbance and preserve peace.

Mobilization of Fleet.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—There is a steady mobilization of a fleet in Florida waters. Naval vessels in this part of the world were increased this morning by the arrival of the torpedo boat Porter.

Easier Feeling.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A somewhat easier feeling over the Spanish situation followed the passage of the bill appropriating fifty millions for national defense. The general opinion seems to be that the measure was one of peace instead of war, and that no occurrence since the beginning of the Cuban controversy has done so much toward averting a conflict with Spain. The enthusiasm which prevailed in the house yesterday has taken possession of the senate today and the bill will be passed before the day is over.

War News from England.

By cable to the Observer.

MANCHESTER, ENG., March 9.—The Manchester Guardian says: A rumor reaches here which is considered trustworthy that, within the next three or four days, a British fleet will take possession of one of the Chinese ports.

Enlistment Continues.

By telegraph to the Observer.

BROOKLYN, March 9.—The enlistment of petty officers, mechanics and firemen continued to-day at the navy yard. A big crowd appeared, but few of them are able to pass examination.

Correspondents Ordered to Leave.

By cable to the Observer.

HAVANA, March 9.—Secretary Congosta yesterday declared officially that all American correspondents be ordered to leave Havana with authorization of Consul General Lee.

The Cuiser Montgomery.

By cable to the Observer.)

HAVANA, March 9.—The Cruiser Montgomery arrived here at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

Spain Rushing Soldiers to Cuba.

By cable to the Observer.

MADRID, March 9.—It became known to-day that the Spanish merchant steamer Alfonso XII sailed for Cuba from Barcelona on Saturday, having on board four officers, nine hundred soldiers and four million mauser cartridges.

Bonds n Sails

By telegraph to the Observer.)

NEW YORK, March 9.—Commander Bronson sailed for Europe to-day on steamship St. Paul to secure options on war vessels. He goes with authority from the Navy Department, backed by the President, to prepare for the exegencies of the occasion. He believes the possibility of war remote but says the best preventive of war is to prepare for it.

London Stock Market Strong.

By cable to the Observer.)

LONDON, March 9.—The stock market opened strong and active this morning for Americans.

Spanish Consul Recalled.

By cable to the Observer.)

KEY WEST, March 9.—Spanish Consul Saco, has been recalled. He left for Cuba today.

The St Louis Sails.

By telegraph to the Observer.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 9.—The St. Louis, which has been undergoing repairs went to sea this morning.

Forestalling Spain.

By cable to the Observer.

LONDON, March 9.—The indications are that the United States government will not wait for the arrival here of Commander Bronson in order to purchase war ships. Definite orders for the purchase of war ships have already been made for ships building here with a view to forestalling Spain, which is supposed to be bargaining for the same vessels.

Has Not Purchased the Warships.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Government has information that Spain has not purchased the Brazilian war ships.

Uneasiness in the East.

By cable to the Observer.

HONG-KONG, March 9.—The Russian war ships, Sissoi, Veliky and Navarin, belonging to the Black Sea fleet, have arrived here. The political situation in the far East is causing uneasiness among the population at this port.

Will Pass the Senate To-Day.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Senate Committee on appropriations has just decided to report the house bill favorably and without change. It will be brought up as soon as the Senate meets and will be passed to-day. No arrangements have been made as to the debate, because debate in the Senate cannot be limited.

Emergency Bill Passes the Senate.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—When the Senate met this afternoon Senator Hale introduced the fifty million defense appropriation bill. It was passed without debate, ayes seventy-six, nayes none.

Round House Burned.

KENNEBUNK PORT, MASS., March 9.—The Round House belonging to the Boston and Maine Railway was burned this morning. One locomotive exploded.

Acquittal of the Deputies.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WILKESBARRE, PA., March 9.—The jury in the Lattimer case returned a verdict of acquittal.

When the jury retired last night they took one ballot. It was unanimous for acquittal. The ballot was taken for form's sake, as the jury had decided before leaving the jury box. After the jury was discharged by Judge Woodward, District Attorney Martin asked that the defendants be required to continue bail bond, as there are still seventeen indictments for murder against them and thirty-eight for felonious assault. The bonds were continued. The District Attorney said he had not decided what to do with these other cases, but that he will confer with the prosecuting committee. Deputies come into the court this morning prepared to go home, some having packed their grips.

Now is the Time

To purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. March, April, May are the trying months of the year. At this season your blood is loaded with impurities which have accumulated during the winter, and those impurities must be expelled. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One Blood Purifier. It is the medicine which has accomplished many thousands of remarkable cures of all blood diseases. It is what the millions take in the spring to build up health and ward off sickness.

Bicycle Lamps Bells Saddles, Cement Grip &c. Try 3 in 1 for Bicycles, Guns, Type-writers and Sewing Machines. Lubricates, prevents rust, cleans. 25c a bottle. KINGS'.

A. B. WILLIAMS, COTTON BUYER,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

COTTON.

Middling,	5¼
Good Middling,	5.90
Tinges and Stains,	
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits,	34c
Common Rosin,	100
Virgin,	1 80
Yellow Dip.	1 60

PRODUCE

REPORTED DAILY BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Extra Flour—sack,	$225 @ 265
Family Flour—sack,	$300
Hides—dry—per lb.	5@8
" —green—per lb.	@3½
Wool—washed	6@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	7@8
" —ham	8@10
" —sides	7@8
" —shoulders	6@8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40
Peas—clay	45a60
" —mixed	60
Meal—bolted—44 lbs per bushel	45@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@50
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	47
Onions—select—per bushel	90@100
Lard—N. C.	8@8½
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	18@20
Hens—per head	20
Roosters—per head	15 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	7 a 8½
Guineas	16
Geese	25 a 35
Butter—choice yellow	25 a 30
Honey—strained—per lb	9 a 10
" —comb—per lb	8 a 9
Eggs—hen—	9c
Feathers—new	35 a 40

PAPETERIES!

We have just received one case, 1,000 box s of Papeteries direct from the factory, 2 packs envelopes and one quire of writing paper to the box. Price everywhere 25 cents. Our price is only 10 cents a box.

One Case Trilby Soap,

3 cakes to box, only 10 cents a box.

One case Good Blacking Brushes

from mill, only 10 cents each.

50 dozen good 20c TOOTH BRUSHES, only 10c.

100 dozen Borated Talcum Powder,

25 cent kind at 10 cents a box.

75 dozen Whisk Brooms,

20c. quality at 10c. each

New Lines High-Class Neckwear.

We are showing our first shipment of this season's neckwear for men, made from the best silks. 75c. kind at 50c. New line band bows and club house ties at 25c.

COSMOPOLITAN FULL DRESS SHIRTS.

Ask to see our new dress shirt at $1 00. This is a 2100 linen shirt, *match it if you can.*

LADIES' FINE SHOES.

Every judge of high-class shoes knows that Ziegler Bros are the best. We are showing a new line of these goods in the popular coin-toe French Kid, all sizes and widths, at $2 00

BEST SHOES ON EARTH.

Easter number of Standard Fashion Sheets are here free to all.

The Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.

Sole agents for C. B. Corsets.

BUSINESS.

Mine is constantly increasing, and that it may continue to grow

I have leased the large store in the McMillan Block,

one door east of Messrs. A. E. Rankin & Co., which gives me an increased floor space of more than

1,000 Square Feet.

This, with other facilities, will enable me to serve the public, I trust, with greater satisfaction. I will occupy this store March 1st.

R. M. PRIOR,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Phone 52.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in North Carolina. Monthly $65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. R. Chicago

To those who drink whiskey for pleasure; HARPER Whiskey adds zest to existence. To those who drink whiskey for health's sake; HARPER Whiskey makes life worth living.

SOLD IN FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Huylers' BON BONS and Chocolates

A fresh assortment just received at

HORNE'S PHARMACY.

The rapid increasing demand proves that Goose Grease Liniment is the greatest known remedy for all Aches and Pains, Rheumatism, Croup, Colds, Coughs, etc. It is for man or beast.

Needs No Explanation.

MADISON, N. C., Aug. 4, '97.

Goose Grease Liniment Co., Greensboro, N. C.:

Dear Sirs:—Please ship us at once one gross Goose Grease Liniment. We are entirely out. Don't fail to ship at once. Please give us jobbers' prices. It is the best thing we have ever seen.

Yours truly,
W. C. JONES & Co.

FREE!

Our FARMERS' GUIDE and 1898 Manual of

New Seeds & Implements

Every farmer and gardener needs one. Larger and more complete than ever. Send name and address. Mailed Free.

GRIFFITH & TURNER CO.
203 to 213 N. Paca Street, Baltimore, Md.

It is Easy to Catch a Cold,

but not so easy to get over it, unless you try our Ante-Cold Capsules, two doses 10 cents. Pleasant to take and harmless.

KING BROS., Druggists,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

A complete and selected stock of

Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

None but qualified assistants allowed to dispense prescriptions.

A full line of Toilet and Household Articles at reasonable prices.

Assignees's Sale of Accounts.

All accounts due the late firm of HOLLINGSWORTH & HOLLAND, which remain unpaid on the 22nd of March, will be offered for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Market House at 12 N. A full and complete list will be prepared in a few days and will be open for inspection at the Market House on the day of sale. B G. HOLLINGSWORTH,
d-thur-sat w1t Assignee.

Dr. W. C. Galloway,

OF WILMINGTON,

will be in Fayetteville, at the LaFayette Hotel,

Thursday and Friday, March 10th and 11th.

Practice limited to

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHT

(Old Hoss Sale)

By virtue of section 1985 of the Code of North Carolina, I shall sell at public auction at the C. F. & Y. V. Cotton Platform, opposit Passenger Depot in Fayetteville, N. C., on Monday, April 4th, 1898, at 11:00 A. M., a lot of unclaimed freight held by the C. F. & Y. V. R'y Co. for more than 12 months, to pay charges and freight on same, and cost of sale. Terms cash. For list of articles see posters.

JOHN GILL, Receiver of C. F. & Y. V. R'y Co.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceedingly prompt relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by

H. R. HORNE, Druggist, Fayetteville, N. C.

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day

Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.

Take out a policy on your property

B. R. HUSKE, Agent

Try Kings' Anti Cold Capsules. Two doses for 10c.

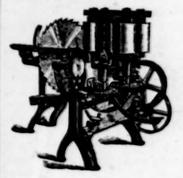
AIN'T IT A "BEAUT?"

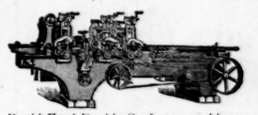
we might ask of any man who first admires the snowy whiteness and beautiful finish that we put upon his dress or business shirt front, or on his collars and cuffs. We don't blame him for being proud of it—the only thing we regret is that we can't send a Boswell around with Johnson to hear the encomiums passed on our fine work, so we could say that "we done it."

LEDBETTER BROS.,
Fayetteville Steam Laundry.
'Phone 42.

30 inch Resawing with all the latest improvements.

A FEW OF MY LEADING MACHINES





Rapid Feed Double Surfacer, working 3 1-4x14 inches. Shipping weight, 6,000 lbs.

J. A. VANCE IRON WORKS,

Write for Circular. SALEM, N. C.

Improved Circular Saw Mill, built in various lengths to 60 feet.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company,

DUNN, N. C.

The Cheapest Place to buy your Hardware and Furniture

We have just bought a BANKRUPT STOCK and have bargains to offer Will give you just a few below to let you know that we mean business.

250 Boy Dixie Plows at 88c.
100 No. 7 OK Cook Stoves $7.00.
500 Kegs of Nails $1.70.

We carry a complete line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Asbestos, Guns, Soapstones, Toe Packing, Mill and Engine supplies, and will sell you for less money than you can buy South of Dixon Line.

Give us a chance and you will be our customer.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company

HALLIDAY & PRIVETT.

A. S. HUSKE,

Commission Merchant

AND

Headquarters for Truckers' Supplies,

Place your orders with him for CAR LOTS at

FACTORY PRICES.

YOU SELECT THE KIND YOU WISH.

SUPPLIES DISPLAYED FOR INSPECTION

THE BUCK STOVE and Range Co.

say that they make "the

Best Stoves and Ranges on Earth."

We say that they are "the

BEST WE EVER SAW."

Look at the newspapers from other towns and see what reliable papers say about them. See what

People Who Use Them

say.

On 13th April, 1897, we sent out the following letter:

"DEAR SIR:—Sometime ago you bought a Buck stove from us. Will you kindly state below whether it is giving satisfaction and whether you are pleased with it or not. Yours truly,
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE."

REPLIES FROM CUMBERLAND.

The Buck stove is giving entire satisfaction. Does the best cooking with the least wood of any stove I ever saw.
G. F. WHEELER.

The stove gives entire satisfaction.
MRS. W. S. COOK.

The stove gives perfect satisfaction.
N. CASHWELL.

I have been using the Buck stove for more than a year and it gives entire satisfaction. J. K. SESSOMS.

We are very much pleased indeed with our Buck stove, and consider it the very best stove we have ever used, as it gives entire satisfaction. C. J. HEDGPETH.

☞For longer list of testimonials see our handbills.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE

The Williams Typewriter,

NEW NO. 2, FOR 1898.

Visible Writing.	Extreme Durability.
Direct Inking.	Lightest Carriage.
Best Work	Easy Touch
Key Board Lock.	Phenomenal Speed.
Permanent Alignment.	
	Superior Manifolding.

Old Machines Taken in Part Payment.

Full catalogue on application. Agents wanted in unoccupied territory

We have a few second hand machines of other makes for sale, also supplies.

EDWIN A. HARDIN CO.,
Sole Southern Dealer, Atlanta, Ga.
F. R. HOKE, Agent,
Fayetteville, N. C.
(Menton this paper.)

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing.

The Weber Company are now prepared to attend to all orders in the above line. Please call on or address Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing Co., Masonic Lodge.

WAKE UP

to the fact that you pay a custom tailor

$15 TO $35

for a suit when you can be fitted out just as well, if not better, with the latest up-to-date custom-made suits at less than

HALF THE MONEY.

If you doubt it give us the benefit of that doubt by the purchase of one of our

Cutaway or Sack Suits,

which will be in soon, and are the finest and cheapest selections of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing that has ever been in this city.

Am Determined Not to be Undersold by Tailors or Merchants.

Call and see us, and we will treat you right, and you may rest assured that we will save you money and you be well pleased with all purchases made at our store. Yours to please,

MIKE FOLB, Agt.

SEEDS FROM OUR GROUNDS TO YOURS SEEDS

WE no longer supply our seeds to dealers to sell again. At the same time, anyone who has bought our seeds of their local dealer during either 1896 or 1897 will be sent our Manual of "Everything for the Garden" for 1898 FREE provided they apply by letter and give the name of the local merchant from whom they bought. To all others, this magnificent Manual, every copy of which costs us 30 cents to place in your hands, will be sent free on receipt of 10 cents (stamps) to cover postage. Nothing like this Manual has ever been seen here or abroad; it is a book of 200 pages, contains 500 engravings of seeds and plants, mostly new, and these are supplemented by 6 full size colored plates of the best novelties of the season, finally,

OUR "SOUVENIR" SEED COLLECTION

will also be sent without charge to all applicants sending 10 cts. for the Manual who will state where they saw this advertisement.

Postal Card Applications Will Receive No Attention.

PETER HENDERSON & Co.
35 & 37 CORTLANDT ST. NEW YORK

—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,

A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for **WHITE REUNION** against **BLACK FUSION.**

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3 00 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Mang'r

Sen-sen and Sen-sen chewing gum 5c package KINGS.'

A CLEAR HEAD;

good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Our Navy and Spain's.

Baltimore Sun.)

In view of the talk of war with Spain, it is pertinent to bring under notice some of the facts and considerations involved, the interests of Spain and the United States which are engendered, and the means each country has of shaping the event to its satisfaction.

The total merchant marine of the United States on June 30. 1897, embraced 22,633 vessels of 4,769,020 tons, consisting of 1,176 vessels of 792,870 tons in the foreign trade, 19.802 vessels of 3,896,826 tons in the coastwise trade, 54 vessels of 12.714 tons in the whale fisheries and 1,601 vessels of 66,610 tons in the cod and mackerel fisheries. These vessels would be exposed to capture in the case of war with the result that some would be captured, some would be laid up and the rest would take their chances at enhanced rates of insurance.

On the Atlantic coast there are 16,592 documented vessels of all classes, aggregating 2,647 796 tons, and on the Pacific of coast 1,581 vessels registered there, are 983, of 547,111 tons.

Baltimore's means of communication by salt water in 1897 with foreign ports consisted of 92 vessels, besides the foreign vessels entering this port. Our ships in the foreign trade sailed chiefly to the West Indies, a few going to Mexico, South America and Europe.

In 1896 American vessels brought to our ports goods worth $117,209,074, or 16 per cent. of our imports by water, and carried $70,392,813 of our exports, or under 7 per cent. Our foreign commerce is thus, it is seen, chiefly in foreign vessels, and except in special cases would not all be subject to interference. Combining entries and clearances in 1896 of vessels in the foreign trade we find our total trade tonnage was 42,403,769 tons, of which 10,525,919 tons were American. Voyages made by American steamers to and from Europe numbered but 164, while foreign steamers totaled 7,116 voyages.

Our naval list in 1897, according to the Bureau of Navigation, embraced 12 vessels reckoned as "first rate," of tonnage ranging from 5,870 in the "Olympia" to 11,340 in the "Iowa." Four of these vessels are of over 10,000 tons—the "Iowa," "Indiana," "Massachusetts" and "Oregon." Sixteen are classed as "second rate," ranging in size from the "Baltimore," of 4,413 tons, to the "Atlanta," of 3,000 tons. The "third raters," including the monitors, number 42, of tonnage ranging from 2,790 to 1,000 tons. The "fourth-raters" are 7 in number, of from 929 to 550 tons. There are 4 torpedo boats. The list includes a number of tugs and sailing ships, which can hardly be classed as combatants.

In the report of the Secretary of the Navy for 1896 it was stated that we have three first-class battleships and two second-class battleships completed and three first-class and two second-class building. The "Maine," just destroyed, was classed as a second-class battleship. We have now six battleships.

The same report enumerated 6 coast defense vessels as built and building. Of completed ships, there were 2 armored cruisers, 3 first class cruisers, and 13 second and third-class cruisers. Nine gunboats have been completed and 9 were under construction. Three torpedo-destroyers were completed and 15 were under construction. One torpedo-boat destroyer was mentioned. The number of enlisted men was stated to be 8,165.

Spain was credited in the same report with 1 first-class battleship and 2 second-class, or 3 in all. She had 3 armored cruisers built and 4 building; 1 first-class cruiser and 7 second-class. Of gunboats, Spain had 22, of torpedo gunboats 3, of torpedo-boat destroyers 2 in progress of construction. Spain had in 1896 19 torpedo-boats built and 4 building. Whitaker credits Spain with a navy consisting of 126 steam vessels, including 7 iron-clads, and 22,000 men.

The merchant marine of Spain in 1894 embraced 760 vessels of 100 tons and over, aggregating 547 358 tons. There were as many as 16,199 entries at the ports of the kingdom, of which number 8,040 carried the Spanish flag. To be added to Spain's naval list, in case of war, are the steamers of her merchant marine, some of which would be efficient cruisers for the destruction of American commerce. In number of warships of high class the United States is evidently superior, but in the classes of vessels to be associated with large ships to make them practically efficient, our navy seems to be somewhat lacking. In number of enlisted men it is evidently inferior.

We should, upon the whole, it seems, be more open to attack and have more to lose, both in the direct effect of military operations and in the indirect trouble within our own borders by reason of derangement of industry. Spain being poorer and vulnerable only in her dependencies, might, perhaps, protract the war with characteristic obstinacy, regardless of the final outcome. We should doubtless succeed in the end, but the expenses it would bring upon our Government could hardly be less than $1,500,000,000, and the losses of individuals, owing to paralysis of business and panic, might exceed that large sum.

Don't annoy others by your coughing, and risk your life by neglecting a cold. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. King Bros.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

☞ Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

The Coming Campaign

Our able contemporary, Webster's Weekly, states a number of incontrovertible facts in the following article:

The shibboleth of the North Carolina Democracy in the coming campaign will be "The White Man and the White Metal." Those who hope to divert attention from this issue are doomed to disappointment, whether they be Republicans, gold Democrats or Pritchard Populists. The people will have it that way in spite of all the triggering and scheming and bluffing of the hirelings of the gold trust and their dupes, no matter what party they work through.

It is but natural that the Republicans should dislike to see the campaign pitched on this issue. They cannot meet it. It is almost as sweeping as the platform an enthusiastic Democrat once proposed. He said he favored adopting the ten commandments, for the Republican party had broken every one of them. The Ethiopian cannot change his skin nor the leopard his spots, neither can a party whose membership is composed of 120,000 negroes and 30,000 white men give the State a white man's government. They do not possess the intelligence and patriotism to govern our State wisely and creditably. The white leaders as a rule take orders from the Northern politicians though convinced that they are not wise. For instance, Pritchard says he is a silver man and is convinced that the gold standard is grinding the poor to the earth, but the crack of Hanna's whip brings him cowing and whining at his feet. As for the negroes, they do not know the meaning of State pride. Their hearts are set on Washington. Their political education has not advanced beyond the knowledge the carpet-baggers put in their heads—that the Republican party set them free and the Democrats want to put them back into slavery. It is useless to reason with them. That was tried in 1894 and proved a miserable failure. Pritchard voted them as easily for Populism as he did for the gold standard two years later. He could vote them for free trade as easily as he has made them shout for protection. Not because he is Pritchard do they obey him implicitly, but because he is the Republican leader. Let him rise above party and stand with the peopleas Dr. Mott and Senator Teller have done, and they will not believe a word he says.

The Pritchard Populists do not want the battle-cry to be that suggested above because it means that the light will be turned on them as well as their Republican associates. They know that the people will hold them responsible for the election of a trust and corporation tool to the Senate and for the vicious legislation of the last Legislature.

The Clevelandites object to it because it is "uncomfortable doctrine." They subscribe to the Republican doctrine of money, but lack the courage to identify themselves with the negro party. They are for the gold standard because it increases the value of their dollar and for Democratic government in North Carolina because it means low taxes. Selfishness is the beginning and end of their political creed. They are Democrats only so far as Democracy blesses "me and my wife, my son John and his wife, we four and no more." When Democracy would spread the ægis of its protection over all classes and all sections, they find their love for the old party diminishing.

The Democratic party does not propose to let its enemies dictate its policy. It will attack them on their records and policies in both State and Nation. It will not make a campaign of apology. This may alicnate some people, but no party can pursue a bold, aggressive policy and please everybody. A policy that commends itself to the judgment and conscience of nine-tenths of the party ought to be acquieseed in by the remaining tenth. If really they cannot fall in line, how can they expect the majority to yield to them? If principle holds them aloof from the majority, should not principle hold the majority true to their convictions? To say that power resides in the minority and not in the majority is to affirm that it is wrong to make converts to one's side; we should seek to repel rather than attract, for if we get a majority to act with us, we will lose everything.

If War Should Come.

Atlanta Constitution.]

Congressman Dockery, of Missouri, makes the statement that in the event of war with Spain the resources of this country will be ample to meet its liabilities without the hardships of taxation entailed by the late war.

In the first place he contends that the people of this country are now firmly united and ready to contribute whatever may be deemed essential to the preservation of its dignity and honor. In the second place he contends that both its military and naval equipments are sufficient for any emergency which is likely to arise.

To some of the figures on which the Missouri congressman bases his contentions it is stated that our population has more than doubled since the last war, and that the nation's aggregate wealth at the present time is valued at $70,000,000,000. In view of these facts it is claimed that should this country become involved in difficulties with Spain, requiring even greater expenditures of money than was required during the late war, the burden entailed upon individual taxpayers would still be much lighter. Congressman Dockery further states that when hostilities between the north and the south commenced in 1861 both the military and naval equipments of the government were meager, whereas at the present time they are ample for immediate uses. While the standing army amounts to only some 27,000 men and officers, he states that the organized citizen soldiery of the United States is some 11,000 strong, and that, moreover, the reserve fighting strength of the country is not less than 10,000,000. With respect to the navy, Congressman Dockery states while it ranks only fifth among the great navies of the world, it is thoroughly modern in every respect and vastly superior to Spain's. He states that not less than $134,439,707.10 has been spent upon our naval outfit since 1883.

Such figures as these are most certainly reassuring in view of the imminent prospect of war between Spain and the United States.

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Of good quality of steel at

WATSON'S

HARDWARE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1898.

Shall the most dastardly piece of treachery perpetrated in the nineteenth century be condoned for a cash consideration? That is the question Mr. McKinley raised when he sent Secretary Sherman [at last the old man is given something to do, but it was a nauseating job,] to circulate among his former colleagues of the Senate, for the purpose of informing them that the administration had decided, if the naval court reported that the Maine was blown up by intention, to demand a cash indemnity of Spain. If Mr. Sherman correctly reported some of the remarks made by Senators with whom he discussed the matter, Mr. McKinley must have blushed.

Ever since it has been practically known that the court had found unmistakable evidence that the Maine was wrecked by treachery, the administration has been gradually, through divers newspaper interviews, and by other methods, preparing the public for this indemnity business, by dropping hints about the injustice of holding Spain responsible when it disavowed the crime or any knowledge of it, and of the probability that the crime was committed by some Spaniard who was an enemy of the present Spanish Ministry, etc., etc. The Spanish charge d'affaires in Washington also took a hand in the attempt to have his country let down easily by officially stating that no mines or torpedoes have ever been planted in the harbor at Havana. The fact that this fellow was once associated with de Lome was enough to prevent belief of any statement he might make.

There is not the slightest doubt that an overwhelming majority of Congress believes with a majority of the people of the country that Spanish blood should be shed to avenge the poor devils who were the victims of Spanish treachery in Havana harbor; but there is also a strong desire in Congress to act in concert with the administration, if possible, in order that it cannot be said by the Spaniards, or other foreigners, that there is a division of sentiment in the U. S. This desire may result in Congress allowing the demand for a money indemnity to be made on Spain, but it will be, even then, largely because of the belief that Spain could not pay the indemnity, and would not if it could, and that war would be the result, anyway.

Although Mr. McKinley continues to talk peace, his actions, through his subordinates, show that he believes with almost everybody else in Washington, that war with Spain is inevitable, and, to his credit be it placed, he is taking vigorous steps to see that we are fully prepared to do our share of the fighting when it once gets started. The more promptly and vigorously he acts upon the Maine report, which is expected this week, the better he will stand with Congress and the people.

Mr. McKinley must have been a little bit afraid that the well known scrapping propensities of Teddy Roosevelt made him a dangerous man to have in charge of the Navy Department at this time, or Secretary Long would now be taking several days rest and Teddy would be in charge. Mr. Long announced his intention of going away for three or four days, but Mr. McKinley persuaded him to change his mind. Most persons would rather see Teddy running the machine just now.

Representative Sulzer, of New York, who has been somewhat harshly criticised because of his objection, when unanimous consent was asked in the House that the bill, already passed by the Senate, providing for the enlistment of two additional regiments of artillery, be taken up and considered until disposed of, immediately after the passage of the sundry civil bill, says he did so because he thought there was no necessity to increase the regular army, and that he regarded the bill as an attempt on the part of the plutocrats to take advantage of existing conditions to increase the army and thus still further entrench themselves against the people. As to the special need of these men now to fight Spain, Mr. Sulzer said: "Why, if war should be declared, I would resign my seat in Congress in 24 hours and would raise a regiment in my district. I would get a thousand young able bodied fellows who would fight and we would go to the front under some Federal brigade commander; and there would be no lack of such regiments."

The defeat of the republicans by the combined votes of the democrats and populists several times recently, when the House was in committee of the whole, has so aggravated the republican leaders, that they have notified the republican members that they must be more regular in their attendace and have given them a hint that if they are not, a list of the absentees will be daily published, as was done in the forty seventh Congress.

THE MAINE DISASTER.

No New Developments Yesterday.

The New York Sun, whose statements are considered conservative, except in matters political, says that steps will be taken in a short while by the Government to intervene to put a stop to the present hostilities in Cuba, even if the blowing up of the Maine is proven to be an accident; that this government some time ago informed Spain that if hostilities had not ceased by March 1st then it would intervene, and that steps would have already been taken by this government, except for the Maine disaster and the pending inquiry.

Court Returned to Havana.

As will be seen by our afternoon press dispatches, both the Government of the United States and Spain are making active preparations for war if it should come. It certainly looks more like war to-day than at any time previously.

A press dispatch dated from Key West last night says:—

After two postponements of its departure the court of inquiry left for Havana this evening, on the light house tender Mangrove. It is believed by the best informed here that the court will complete its labors in the Cuban capital within ten days.

Only three of the six days the court was here were devoted to the work of investigation.

A press dispatch from London says:

Spain has purchased two cruisers which the Armstrongs have been building for Brazil, the Amizonius and a sister ship unnamed, of 4 000 tons each, 23 knots and 10 guns. Spain is also negotiating for and will probably secure two cruisers of a similar type which have been building in France for Brazil.

Crawford Bicycles $35 & $50 Kings'.

"Robbing the Nation."

The following article from the Atlanta Constitution supplies a suggestion of the source from which the sinews of war in the present emergency may be drawn:

Under this bold caption the New York Sun devotes several columns of its space to exposing the pension frauds which have been committed upon the United States government since the war. As the result of careful investigation into the facts of the case the New York paper announces that there are now on the pension rolls of the government some 40,000 "survivors" and "widows" who are not entitled to pensions, and that furthermore, in spite of this fact, there are still not less than 578,000 applicants clamoring for help.

In making this disclosure the New York paper is careful to state that its purpose is not to criticise the government's policy with respect to compensating federal veterans whose claims are genuine, but simply to call attention to the grievous outrages which have been committed upon the government by parties whose claims are not genuine. To show the manner in which the burden of federal pensions has increased since the war the New York paper goes on to elaborate details, and cites official data taken from the government's records. In this connection it quotes the statement made by President Garfield in 1873, when a member of the national house of representatives, to the effect that high water mark has been reached on the pension rolls, and that from that time forward the pension burden would decrease. But instead of decreasing, what has actually been the result? In 1873 there were only 238,411 names on the pension rolls; at the present time, in spite of the havoc which death has wrought, there are 976 014 names on the pension rolls. In 1873 the amount of pension money paid out of the government's treasury aggregated only $26,502,528; at the present time it aggregates the enormous sum of $139,949,717, and still there is no immediate prospect of its diminishing. On the contrary, with some 578,000 applicants clamoring for pensions, there is sure prospect of its increasing.

Since 1865 the total amount of money paid out to pensioners, according to the records of the government, aggregates the fabulous sum of $2,178,755,269. On the basis of the most conservative calculations this amount will be considerably more than doubled before the government's pension burden rolls off its shoulders. Going back some fifteen years, The New York Sun compiles the following statement showing the numerical growth of the pension burden since 1883:

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS.

1883,	303,658
1884,	322,756
1885,	345.125
1886,	365,783
1887,	400,007
1888,	452.557
1889,	489 725
1890,	537.944
1891,	676 160
1892,	876,068
1893,	966,0 2
1894,	969,544
1895,	970,524
1896,	970,678
1897,	976,014

Estimating the approximate number of federal survivors, including pensioners and non-pensioners at 1,034,073, the New York paper shows that out of this number only 22,080 are inmates of soldiers' homes, and that not less than 964,587 are engaged in occupations bringing them in fixed incomes. In view of this disclosure it is claimed that thousands of federal veterans are drawing pensions from the government who are not in the least incapacitated for work, and who are actually earning splendid livelihoods.

For the coming year the government will pay out in pension money not less than $141,263,880. Comparing this amount with the annual cost of maintaining European standing armies, the New York paper makes the following calculation:

Great Britain,	$ 87,403,944
Germany,	110.187,020
France,	118,291 430
Italy,	51,778 040
Russia,	176.842 600
Austria,	67,286.255
Pensions in the United States,	141,263,880

According to these figures Russia is the only European country which pays out more money to maintain its standing army than the United States does to meet the demands of its pensioners. This is independent, too, of what the United States pays out to maintain its military and naval equipments. Altogether it is evident that the war burden of this country is greater in the aggregate than that of any European power; nor is it surprising that such papers as the New York Sun and other metropolitan dailies should cry out against the manifold abuses which have grown up under the federal pension system.

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Too Much Knife!

The use of the surgeon's knife is becoming so general, resulting fatally in such a large number of cases, as to occasion general alarm.

Mr. William Walpole, of Walshtown, South Dakota, writes; "About three years ago, there came under my left eye a little blotch about the size of a small pea. It grew rapidly, and shooting pains ran in every direction. I became alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it cancer, and said that it must be cut out. This I would not consent to, having little faith in the indiscriminate use of the knife. Reading of the many cures made by S. S. S., I determined to give that medicine a trial, and after I had taken it a few days, the cancer became irritated and began to discharge. This after awhile ceased, leaving a small scab, which finally dropped off, and only a healthy little scar remained to mark the place where the destroyer had held full sway.

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March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Wade Hampton on War with Spain.

A Columbia (S. C.) dispatch to the Atlanta Constitution says:

General Wade Hampton was visited at his home near Columbia and for the first time consented to give his views on the Maine disaster and the threatened war with Spain.

"I cannot express my opinion as to the cause of the tragedy," said the distinguished confederate cavalry leader, "as that is a matter which will be determined by experts and divers. But as to what course the United States should pursue should the disaster prove to be due to Spanish treachery or to the fanatical hatred of the the United States on the part of Spaniards, I do not hesitate to say that we should demand a heavy indemnity and enforce the collection of it at the muzzle of the guns.

"Here again another contingency arises. It is whether or not Spain will choose to pay or go to war. In the latter event there is not much doubt as to the outcome. There is one fact that should not be lost sight of, however, at this point, and it is that Spain has a navy as large or slightly larger than the United States, though I doubt if it would fight as well as ours. Once war is declared we all know that the issue will be determined on the sea. Spain will be unable to invade the United States and likewise we unable to invade Spain. There would, therefore, be but little land fighting, except that the Spanish fleet might shell a few of our more exposed seaports. We, in turn, would take possession of Cuba and the war would ultimately end on account of Spain's inability to continue it."

General Hampton was asked whether he would offer his services to the government in case of war, but declined to answer directly. From his subsequent conversation the inference was drawn that he would not serve under General Miles.

He would advise, he said, that the men of the south stay at home and let the north furnish the troops. "We are," said he, "just recovering from a terrific struggle which depopulated our section of the country, and another war would give us another set back. If it becomes necessary our citizens should take up arms to defend our seaports, but not otherwise."

When asked what disposition should be made of Cuba, General Hampton expressed a strong disapproval of annexation. "We have enough bad voters in this country now," said he, without taking in any more. It would be well for the United States to exercise a protectorate over both Cuba and Hawaii, but I am unalterably opposed to annexation."

"He is a big headed fool; vain peacock kind of a fellow," was General Hampton's characterization of General Miles.

He said that General Miles was responsible for having ex President Davis put in chains when there was no demand from other quarters for such action. His book on his Indian campaigns contains nothing, said General Hampton, but vainglorious praise of himself.

PUBLISH MY LETTER

So That Women May Know Where to Find Relief.

Such is the request of Mrs. L. M. Haynes, Springfield, Mo. (General delivery). A part of Mrs Haynes' letter reads as follows: "I wrote to you in May, 1897: I was about to give it up, for

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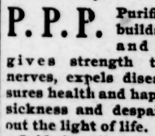

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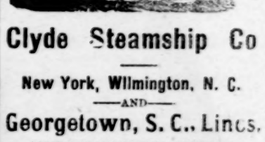

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Leave Fayetteville Junction,	12 25 "
Leave Sanford,	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4 30 "
Leave Greensboro,	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 Daily.
Leave Mt. Airy,	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall,	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro,	1. 55 "
Leave Greensboro,	12 17 p m
Leave Climax	12 45 "
Leave Sanford	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	9 02 "
Leave Maxton,	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 Daily.
Leave Fayetteville,	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills,	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs,	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton,	6 11 "
Leave Maxton,	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7 15 "

NORTH BOUN .	No. 16 Mixed Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	9 40 a m
Leave Climax,	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro,	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 07 "
Arrive Madison,	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale,	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro,	3 15 "
Leave Climax,	4 25 "
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CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	No 23. Daily.	No 35. Daily.	No. 163 Ex Sunday	No 41. Daily.	No 49. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon	11 52	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 12		6 01		
Ar Rocky Mt,	1 00	10 36	9 45	5 40	12 47
Leave Wilson	2 20	11 16	7 17	6 28	2 07
Leave Selma	3 15	.....			
Ar Fayetteville	4 47	1 14			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....
Lv Goldsboro	.....	.....		7 01	3 30
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....		8 05	4 34
Ar Wilmington	.....	.....		9 30	5 50
				P. M.	A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 164 Daily ex. Sunday.	No 36. Daily	No 42. Daily.	No 50. Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Flor